



THE SILVER SAGE

FISCAL YEAR 2026

AN OVERVIEW OF
NEVADA'S ECONOMY
BY THE SAGES

Governor's Finance Office



END OF FISCAL YEAR EDITION

September 25, 2026



STATE OF NEVADA
GOVERNOR'S FINANCE OFFICE
Budget Division

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September 25, 2026

Dear Users of the Silver Sage,

Enclosed is the year end Silver Sage Report, which provides a complete snapshot of Nevada's General Fund collections and tax credit redemptions for Fiscal Year 2026. This report presents a clear view of revenue performance across major and minor sources and summarizes activity in credit redemptions as we close FY26 and begin FY27.

In FY26, Nevada collected \$6.59 billion in gross General Fund revenues. Of this total, 86.4% was derived from major revenue sources, with the largest contributors being Sales & Use Tax, Gaming Percentage Fees, and Modified Business Tax. Minor revenue sources contributed the remaining 13.6%, with the largest shares coming from Unclaimed Property, Business License Fees, and Cigarette Tax.

Compared to FY 2025:

- Major revenues increased by 8.34% (\$438.4 million) reaching \$5.69 billion in FY2026.
- Minor revenues increased by 3.16% (\$27.5 million) totaling \$896.5 million.
- Total gross General Fund collections increased by 7.61%, or approximately \$465.9 million, to \$6.59 billion.

End-of-year tax credits redeemed totaled \$129.4 million, a 16.8% increase from the prior fiscal year. Credits associated with the Commerce Tax accounted for nearly 60.8% of all redemptions. After credits, net General Fund collections were \$6.46 billion.

Compared to May 1, 2025 Economic Forum's Forecast:

- Major General Fund revenue collections finished 5.10% above forecast, exceeding the May 2025 Economic Forum projection by \$276.5 million.
- Commerce Tax and Sales & Use Tax accounted for the largest positive variances. Commerce Tax finished 35.12% (\$125.2 million) above forecast, while total Sales & Use Tax collections were 6.07% (\$114.6 million) above forecast.
- Gaming Percentage Fees and Insurance Premium Tax also exceeded expectations, finishing 6.06% (\$59.4 million) and 6.26% (\$45.2 million) above forecast, respectively.
- These gains were partially offset by weaker collections in several sources:
- Treasurer's Interest Income finished 22.97% below forecast (\$49.1 million), while Real Property Transfer Tax was 7.02% below (\$9.1 million) and Modified Business Tax was 0.79% below (\$7.2 million).

- Live Entertainment Tax was 1.18% below forecast overall, as stronger non-gaming collections partially offset weaker gaming collections.
- Minor General Fund revenues finished 17.05% above forecast, exceeding the May 2025 Economic Forum projection by \$130.6 million.
 - Unclaimed Property accounted for most of the positive variance, finishing 179.16% above forecast and contributing approximately \$117.8 million more than anticipated.
 - Cigarette Tax represented the largest shortfall among minor sources, finishing 9.81% below forecast, or approximately \$10.6 million under expectations.
 - Most other minor sources finished close to forecast with only small variances

Overall, FY2026 gross General Fund collections of \$6.59 billion were 6.6% above the \$6.18 billion forecast. This out performance was driven by strength in Commerce Tax, Sales & Use Tax, and Unclaimed Property, which more than offset shortfalls in Treasurer's Interest Income, Live Entertainment Tax-Gaming, and Real Property Transfer Tax.

For further analysis, Section 1 presents a summary overview of General Fund collections and tax credit redemptions. Section 2 provides a detailed breakdown of major revenue sources, while Section 3 offers the same level of detail for minor revenue sources. These sections include charts and tables that examine each source within its category, highlighting year-over-year changes, and historical trends.

Should you have questions, require further clarification, or would like to provide feedback, please contact the Governor's Finance Office at budget@finance.nv.gov or (775)-684-0222.

Sincerely,

Mauricio Solorio Arteaga, Ph.D.

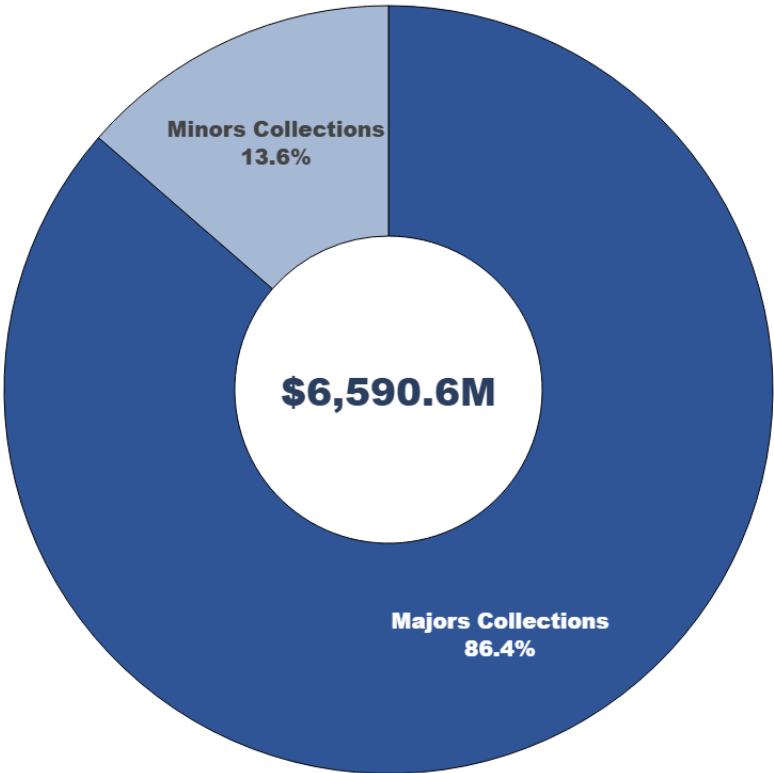
Syed Al-Helal Uddin, Ph.D.

Section 1: End-of-Year Revenue & Tax Credit Overview

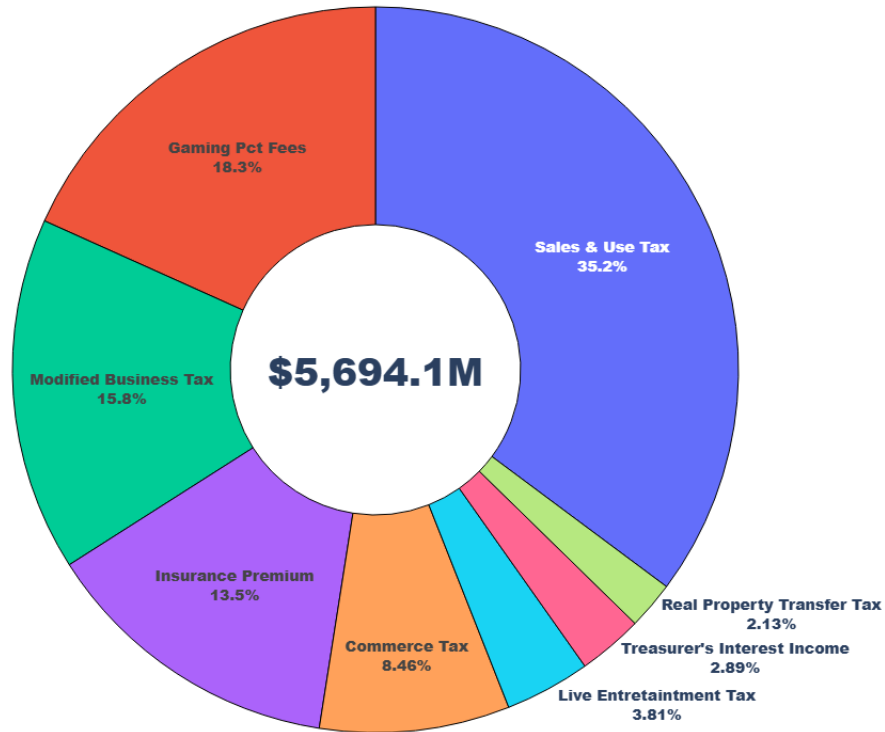
1.1 General Fund Collection Overview

End-of-Year Net Collections Summary – General Fund Revenues				
(Values in Millions of Dollars)				
Category	FY 2025 Actuals	FY 2026 Actuals	\$ Change	% Change
Majors Collections	\$5,255.69	\$5,694.12	\$438.43	8.34%
Minors Collections	\$869.05	\$896.53	\$27.48	3.16%
Total Gross Collections	\$6,124.74	\$6,590.66	\$465.92	7.61%
Tax Credits Redeemed	\$112.61	\$129.41	\$16.80	14.92%
Net Collections: After Tax Credits	\$6,012.13	\$6,461.24	\$449.11	7.47%

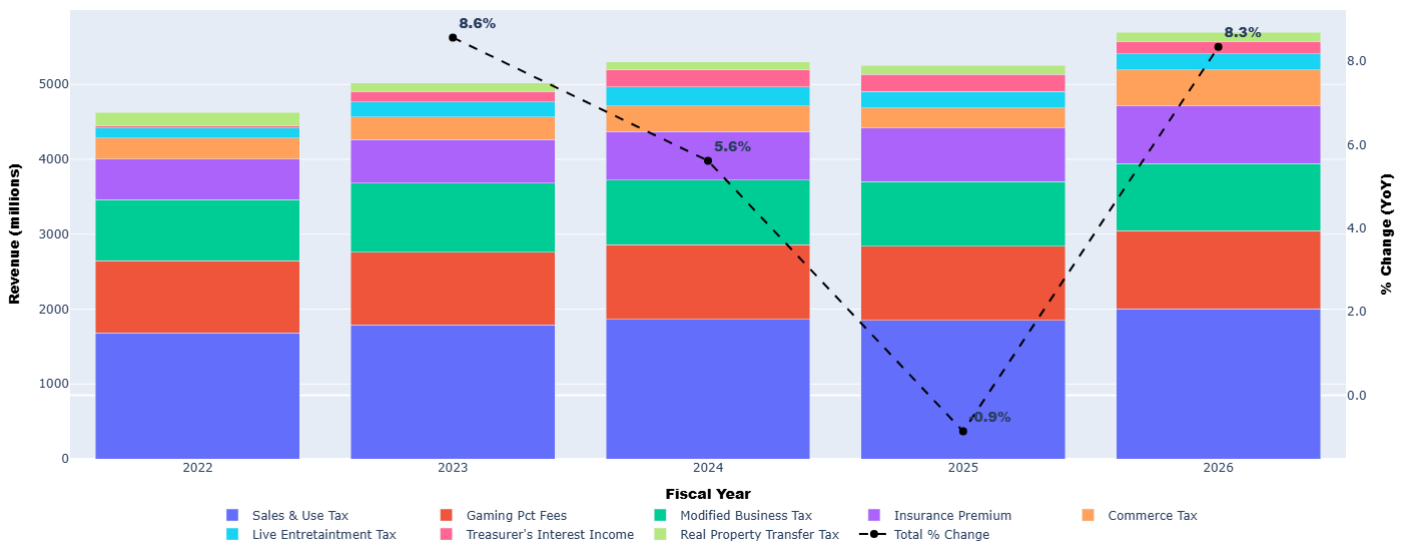
1.2 End-of-Year Gross Collection Distribution



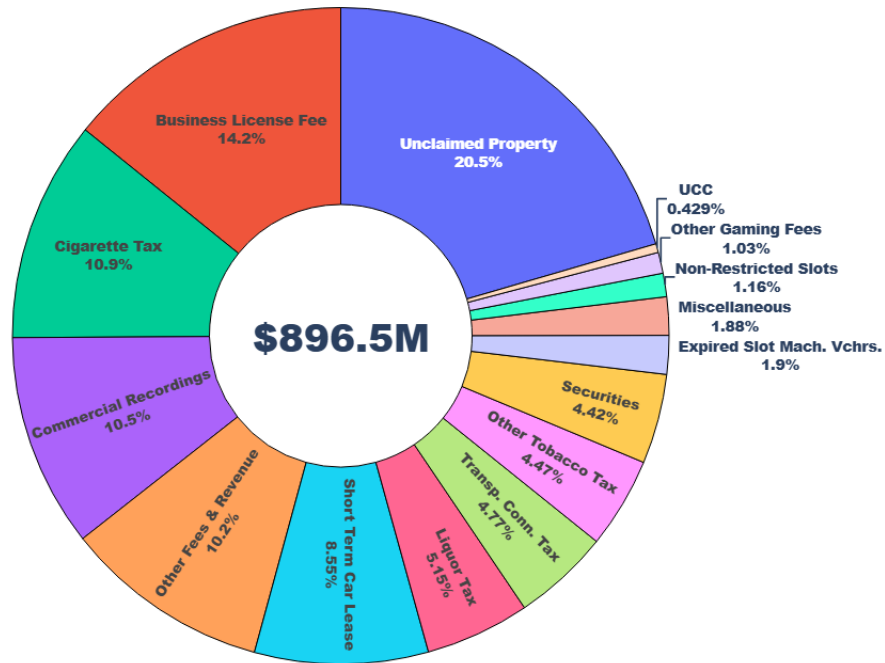
1.3 End-of-Year Major Revenue Sources Distribution



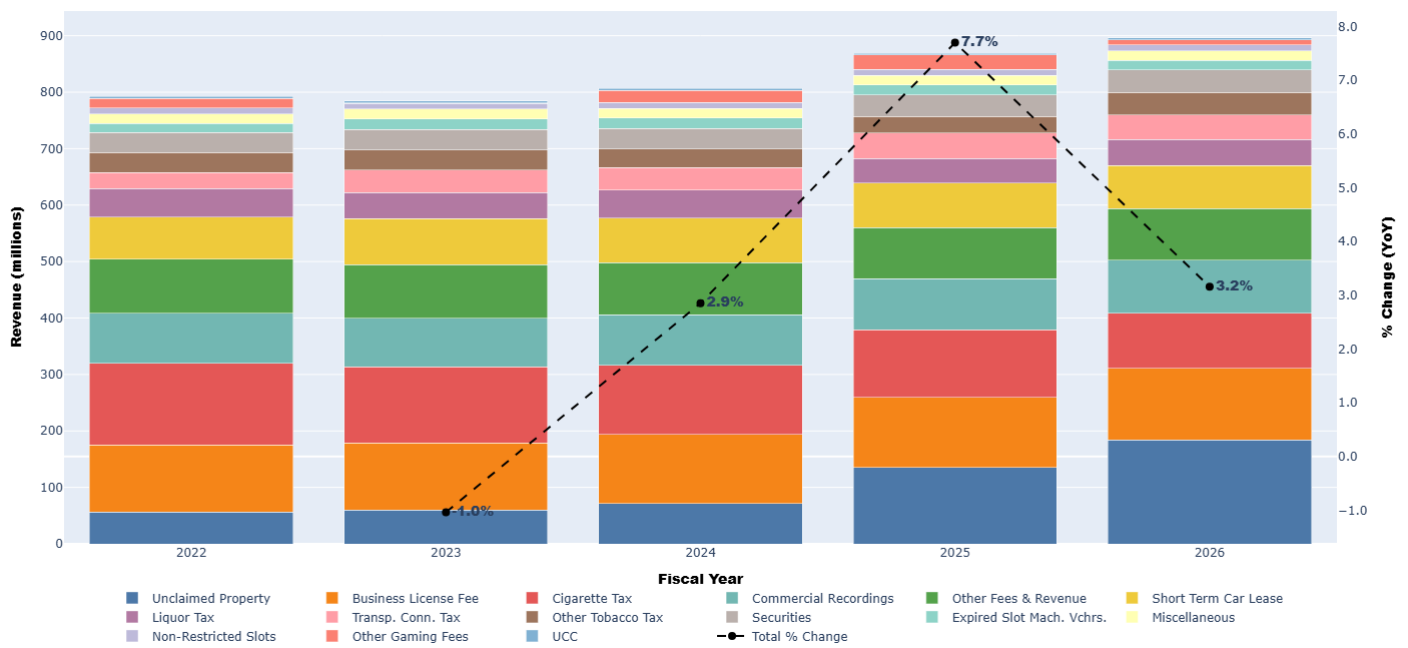
1.4 End-of-Year Historical Trend - Major Revenue Sources



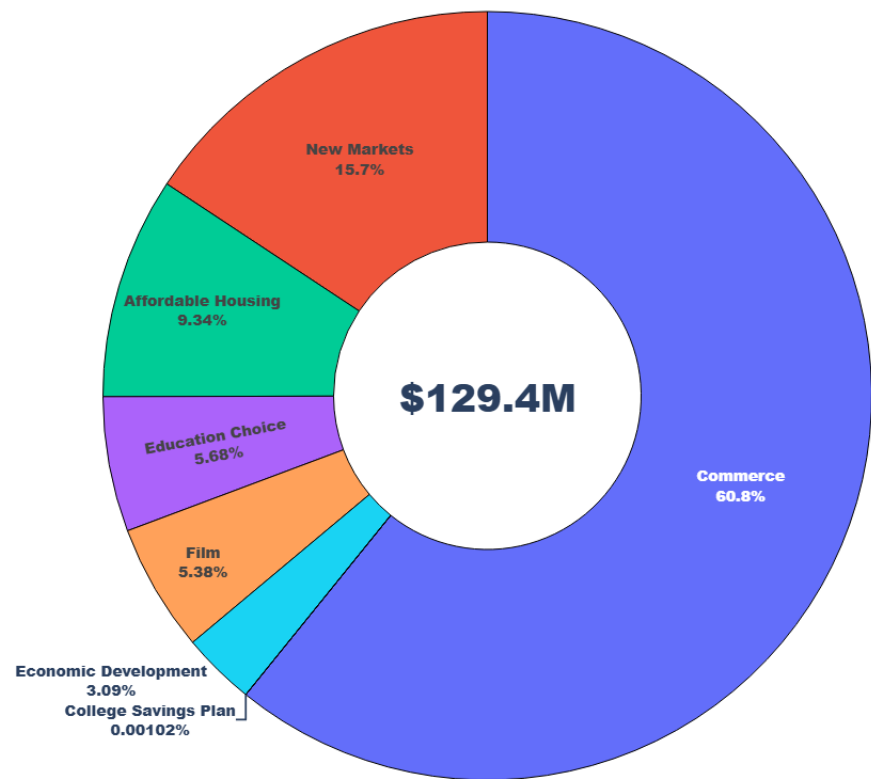
1.5 End-of-Year Minor Revenue Sources Distribution



1.6 End-of-Year Historical Trend - Minor Revenue Sources



1.7 End-of-Year Tax Credits Distribution



Section 2: Major Revenue Sources

2.1 End-of-Year Historical Collections Comparison

End-of-Year Revenue Collections for FY 2023–2026													
Major General Fund Revenue Sources	Through	Prior Fiscal Years									Current Fiscal		
		FY 2023			FY 2024			FY 2025			FY 2026		
		millions	\$ Change	% Change	millions	\$ Change	% Change	millions	\$ Change	% Change	millions	\$ Change	% Change
Sales & Use Tax [4-22][1-25]	June	\$1,721.54	\$108.20	6.71%	\$1,790.43	\$68.89	4.00%	\$1,775.67	\$(14.77)	-0.82%	\$1,926.96	\$151.30	8.52%
State Share - LSST [4-22][1-25]	June	\$16.49	\$0.83	5.27%	\$17.11	\$0.62	3.74%	\$16.95	\$(0.16)	-0.92%	\$18.29	\$1.34	7.91%
State Share - BCCRT [4-22][1-25]	June	\$7.38	\$0.38	5.42%	\$7.65	\$0.27	3.65%	\$7.61	\$(0.05)	-0.62%	\$8.13	\$0.53	6.93%
State Share - SCCRT [4-22][1-25]	June	\$25.84	\$1.33	5.43%	\$26.78	\$0.94	3.65%	\$26.62	\$(0.16)	-0.61%	\$28.46	\$1.85	6.94%
State Share - PTT [4-22][1-25]	June	\$20.43	\$1.08	5.57%	\$21.13	\$0.70	3.43%	\$21.02	\$(0.11)	-0.51%	\$22.12	\$1.10	5.23%
TOTAL SALES & USE TAX		\$1,791.69	\$111.81	6.66%	\$1,863.11	\$71.42	3.99%	\$1,847.86	\$(15.24)	-0.82%	\$2,003.97	\$156.11	8.45%
Gaming Percent Fees: Before Tax Credits [4-24]	June	\$970.13	\$5.91	0.61%	\$999.95	\$29.82	3.07%	\$991.14	\$(8.80)	-0.88%	\$1,040.24	\$49.10	4.95%
Live Entertainment Tax-Gaming [5-22]	June	\$121.38	\$22.03	22.17%	\$127.00	\$5.62	4.63%	\$107.10	\$(19.91)	-15.67%	\$88.93	\$(18.17)	-16.96%
Live Entertainment Tax-Nongaming [5-22]	June	\$79.91	\$40.11	100.76%	\$129.27	\$49.37	61.78%	\$116.01	\$(13.26)	-10.26%	\$127.80	\$11.78	10.16%
TOTAL LET		\$201.29	\$62.13	44.65%	\$256.28	\$54.99	27.32%	\$223.11	\$(33.17)	-12.94%	\$216.73	\$(6.38)	-2.86%
Commerce Tax	June	\$302.29	\$20.41	7.24%	\$343.07	\$40.78	13.49%	\$268.13	\$(74.94)	-21.84%	\$481.71	\$213.58	79.65%
MBT - NFI, FI & MIN: Before Tax Credits [6-22][3-24]	Q4	\$919.64	\$104.24	12.78%	\$858.64	\$(61.01)	-6.63%	\$862.91	\$4.27	0.50%	\$897.42	\$34.51	4.00%
Insurance Premium Tax: Before Tax Credits [5-24]	Q4	\$581.44	\$40.35	7.46%	\$646.68	\$65.24	11.22%	\$713.94	\$67.26	10.40%	\$768.39	\$54.45	7.63%
Real Property Transfer Tax [6-24]	Q4	\$110.61	\$(67.08)	-37.75%	\$108.96	\$(1.65)	-1.49%	\$123.79	\$14.82	13.60%	\$121.03	\$(2.76)	-2.23%
Treasurer's Interest Income	Q4	\$142.59	\$118.39	489.39%	\$224.92	\$82.33	57.74%	\$224.81	\$(0.10)	-0.05%	\$164.65	\$(60.17)	-26.76%
TOTAL COLLECTIONS		\$5,019.68	\$396.17	8.57%	\$5,301.60	\$281.92	5.62%	\$5,255.69	\$(45.92)	-0.87%	\$5,694.12	\$438.44	8.34%

Note: All fiscal year values reflect year-to-date collections through the same month as FY 2026. This allows for an accurate comparison of revenue performance across equivalent periods. Gaming collections are reported in the month they are received and correspond to revenue generated during the previous month (e.g., May collections represent April's gaming activity). Insurance Division portion of Insurance Premium Tax is now included in the total.

FY 2022: These notes represent legislative actions approved during the 2021 Legislative Session.

[4-22] S.B. 440 provides an exemption from sales and use taxes on purchases of tangible personal property by members of the Nevada National Guard who are on active status and who are residents of this State and certain relatives of such members, if the purchase occurs on the date on which Nevada Day is observed or the immediately following Saturday or Sunday, between July 1, 2021, and June 30, 2031. The bill also revises the eligibility requirements for the current exemption that is authorized for members of the Nevada National Guard called into active service to provide that this exemption is available to these members and certain relatives, if the member has been called into active duty for a period of more than 30 days outside of the United States.

[5-22] S.B. 367 provides an exemption from the Live Entertainment Tax for live entertainment that is provided by or entirely for the benefit of a governmental entity, effective upon passage and approval (June 4, 2021). Because this exemption is expected to provide a minimal reduction to LET revenues, no adjustment to the forecast was made.

[6-22] On May 13, 2021, the Nevada Supreme Court upheld a First Judicial District Court ruling that certain actions by the Legislature in Senate Bill 551 (2019) were unconstitutional, as that legislation was approved without the two-thirds majority in each house required in Article 4, Section 18 of the Nevada Constitution. As a result the tax rates for the Modified Business Tax were reduced effective April 1, 2021 to the rates determined by the Department of Taxation on or before September 30, 2018, that were to become effective on July 1, 2019, pursuant to the provisions of NRS 360.203. The rate for the MBT-NFI was reduced from 1.475% to 1.378% for all taxable wages in excess of \$50,000 per calendar quarter and the rate for the MBT-FI and MBT-Mining was reduced from 2.0% to 1.853% on all quarterly taxable wages.

FY 2024: Note 3 represents actions resulting from the Department of Taxation's September 2022 Modified Business Tax rate reduction determination, as required pursuant to NRS 360.203.

[3-24] S.B. 483 (2015) enacted a rate reduction mechanism, codified in NRS 360.203, by which the rates for the Modified Business Tax are to be lowered if combined collections from the MBT, Commerce Tax, and Branch Bank Excise Tax in any even-numbered fiscal year exceed the May 1 forecast for the Economic Forum, adjusted for any actions approved by the Legislature, for that fiscal year by more than 4%, as determined by the Department of Taxation on or before September 30 of each even-numbered year. The rate reduction under this mechanism is to become effective at the beginning of the fiscal year following the determination by the Department.

FY 2024: These notes represent legislative actions approved during the 2023 Legislative Session.

[4-24] S.B. 266 excludes, for the purposes of gross gaming revenue for the calculation of the percentage fee tax on gross gaming revenue, cash received as entry fees for the right to participate in a contest or tournament conducted on the premises of a licensed gaming establishment with the participants physically present at those premises when participating under certain circumstances, effective July 1, 2023. The effective date of July 1, 2023, results in a reduction of revenue of \$1,563,100 for the last 11 months of FY 2024, and \$1,705,200 for all twelve months of FY 2025.

[5-24] S.B. 435 specifies that if an assessment against the operators of certain private medical providers in Nevada is imposed by the Division of Health Care Financing and Policy of the Department of Health and Human Services, the proceeds must be used to provide additional support and services under Medicaid for Medicaid recipients with serious behavioral health conditions, effective upon passage and approval (June 8, 2023). If such an assessment is imposed, the use of these proceeds for Medicaid services is anticipated to increase capitation payments to contracted managed care organizations, which would increase insurance premium tax collections.

[6-24] A.B. 448 clarifies that the exemption from the real property transfer tax for a mere change in identity, form or place of organization, does not apply if the business entity to which the real property is transferred was formed for the purpose of avoiding those taxes, effective upon passage and approval (June 15, 2023).

FY 2025: These notes represent legislative actions approved during the 2023 Legislative Session.

[1-25] S.B. 428 requires the submission of a question on the November 2024 General Election ballot seeking approval to amend the Sales and Use Tax Act of 1955 to provide an exemption from the State 2% sales and use tax for diapers for children and adults

2.2 Forecast vs. Actuals

FY 2026 Forecast vs. Actual End-of-Year Collections					
Major General Fund Revenue Sources	Fiscal Year Comparison				Through
	Annual Forecast	YTD Actuals	\$ Change	% Change	
Sales & Use Tax [4-22][1-25]	\$1,814.04	\$1,926.96	\$112.92	6.22%	June
State Share - LSST [4-22][1-25]	\$17.69	\$18.29	\$0.60	3.41%	June
State Share - BCCRT [4-22][1-25]	\$7.94	\$8.13	\$0.19	2.43%	June
State Share - SCCRT [4-22][1-25]	\$27.78	\$28.46	\$0.68	2.46%	June
State Share - PTT [4-22][1-25]	\$21.91	\$22.12	\$0.21	0.95%	June
TOTAL SALES & USE TAX	\$1,889.35	\$2,003.97	\$114.62	6.07%	
Gaming Percent Fees: Before Tax Credits [4-24]	\$980.81	\$1,040.24	\$59.43	6.06%	June
MBT - NFI, FI & MIN: Before Tax Credits [6-22][3-24]	\$904.60	\$897.42	\$(7.18)	-0.79%	Q4
Live Entertainment Tax-Gaming [5-22]	\$112.76	\$88.93	\$(23.83)	-21.13%	June
Live Entertainment Tax-Nongaming [5-22]	\$106.55	\$127.80	\$21.25	19.94%	June
TOTAL LET	\$219.31	\$216.73	\$(2.58)	-1.18%	
Commerce Tax	\$356.50	\$481.71	\$125.21	35.12%	June
Insurance Premium Tax: Before Tax Credits [5-24]	\$723.15	\$768.39	\$45.24	6.26%	Q4
Real Property Transfer Tax [6-24]	\$130.16	\$121.03	\$(9.13)	-7.02%	Q4
Treasurer's Interest Income	\$213.73	\$164.65	\$(49.08)	-22.97%	Q4
TOTAL COLLECTIONS	\$5,417.61	\$5,694.12	\$276.51	5.10%	

Note: Forecast values represent full fiscal year projections for FY 2026, based on the May 1, 2025 Economic Forum. Actual values reflect year-to-date collections through their respective months.

2.3 Tax Credits Summary

Year-to-Date Tax Credit Utilization Summary - FY 2026

(Values in Millions of Dollars)

Tax Credit Type	Modified Business Tax			Insurance		Gaming	Summary by Tax Credit Type		
	Non-Financial	Financial	Mining	Premium Tax	Percentage Fees	Redeemed	FY 2026 FORECAST	Unutilized Credits	% of Forecast Used
Film [TC-1]	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$3.4	\$3.5	\$7.0	\$8.2	\$1.2	84.9%
Economic Development [TC-2]	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$4.0	\$4.0	\$4.3	\$0.3	92.9%
New Markets [TC-3]	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$20.3	\$0.0	\$20.3	\$16.0	(\$4.3)	127.0%
Catalyst Account [TC-4]	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	0.0%
Education Choice [TC-5]	\$6.9	\$0.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$7.3	\$7.7	\$0.4	95.4%
College Savings Plan [TC-6]	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$0.0)	203.1%
Commerce	\$78.2	\$0.4	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$78.7	\$69.7	(\$9.0)	112.9%
Affordable Housing [TC-7]	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.0	\$11.8	\$0.0	\$12.1	\$10.0	(\$2.1)	120.8%
TOTAL	\$85.2	\$1.2	\$0.1	\$35.5	\$7.5	\$129.4	\$115.9	(\$13.5)	111.6%

Note: Forecast values represent expected tax credit usage in FY 2025 according to the May 1, 2025 Economic Forum. For additional detail on each tax credit, please refer to the [2025 Economic Forum report](#). Footnote numbers in this table correspond to those in the official Economic Forum Tables.

[TC-1] The film transferrable tax credit program was established by S.B. 165 (2013), initially allowing up to \$20 million per year, with a \$80 million cap over four years. This was later reduced to a \$10 million total cap by S.B. 1 (28th Special Session, 2014). A.B. 492 (2017) reauthorized \$10 million annually starting in FY 2018, with unused amounts eligible to carry forward to future years. Forecasts for FY 2025–FY 2027 are based on data from the Nevada Film Office of GOED.

[TC-2] Pursuant to S.B. 1 (28th Special Session, 2014), GOED may issue up to \$195M in transferrable tax credits for large-scale projects: \$12,500 per qualified employee (max 6,000) plus 5% of the first \$1B and 2.8% of the next \$2.5B in new capital investment. Annual issuance is capped at \$45M, with carryforward allowed. S.B. 1 (29th Special Session, 2015) authorized an additional \$38M in credits at \$9,500 per employee (max 4,000), capped at \$7.6M per year. Per S.B. 410 (2019), issuance now requires IFC approval, subject to findings that the credits won't impair the State's constitutional funding duties and align with the State Plan for Economic Development. On Jan 31, 2023, IFC approved \$2.14M in credits to Redwood Materials, Inc. for FY 2025.

[TC-3] The Nevada New Markets Jobs Act (S.B. 357, 2013) allows insurance companies to earn credits against the Insurance Premium Tax for making qualified equity investments in community development entities. Credits equal 58% of the certified investment and are claimed over six years (12%, 12%, 12%, 11%, 11%). A.B. 446 (2019) authorized \$200M in new investments with \$116M in credits, claimable starting FY 2022. S.B. 240 (2023) authorized \$170M more (with \$98.6M in credits) and a separate \$30M for impact investments (\$22.5M in credits), both claimable beginning FY 2027. Forecasts for FY 2025–FY 2027 are based on data from the Department of Business and Industry and the Department of Taxation.

[TC-4] S.B. 507 (2015) authorized GOED to issue transferrable tax credits for new or expanding businesses, capped at \$500K (FY 2016), \$2M (FY 2017), and \$5M per year thereafter. A.B. 1 (29th Special Session, 2015) revised those caps to \$0 (FY 2016), \$1M (FY 2017), \$2M (FY 2018–2019), \$3M (FY 2020), and \$5M annually starting FY 2021. Forecasts for FY 2025–FY 2027 are based on information provided by GOED.

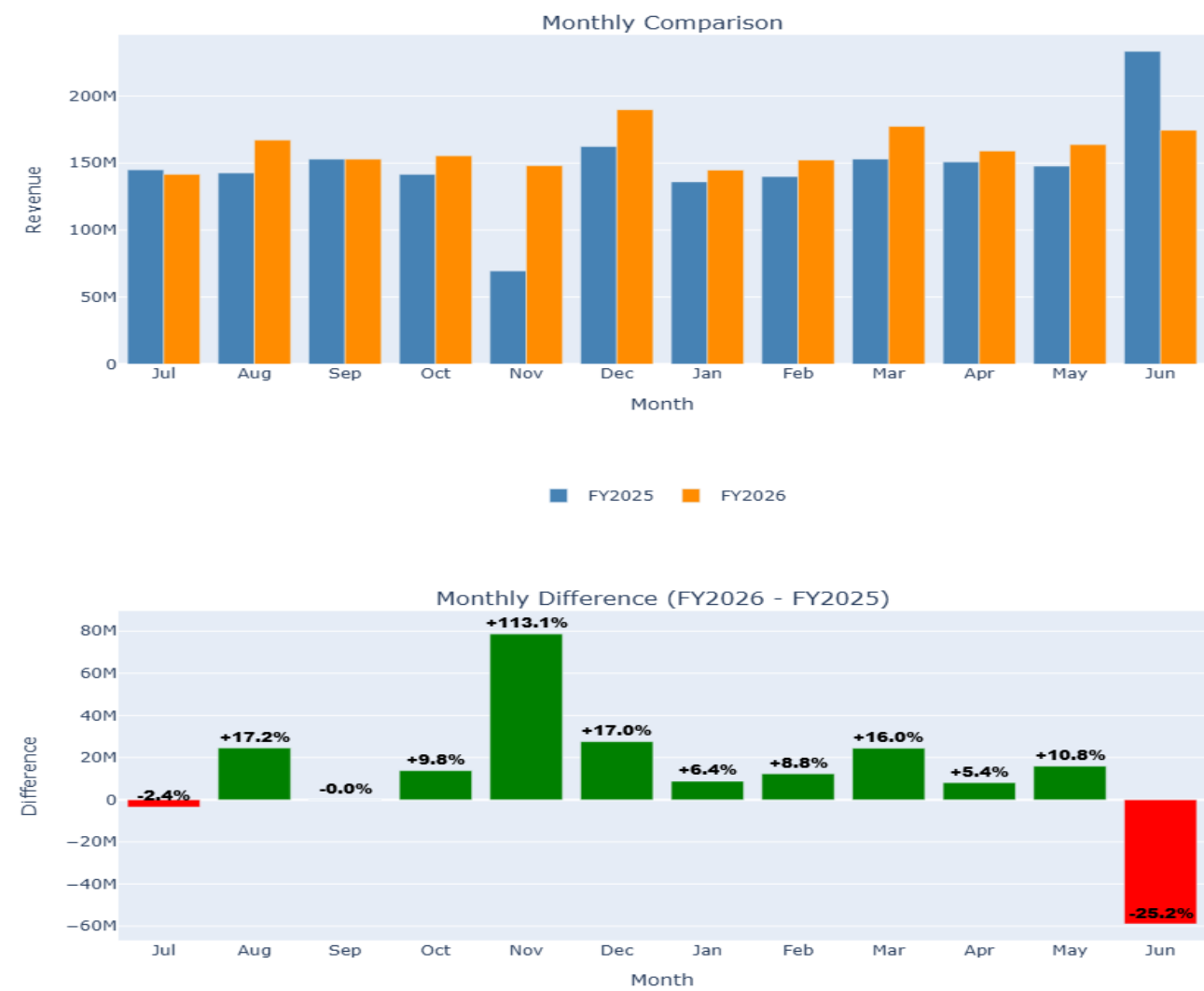
[TC-5] A.B. 165 (2015) created a credit against the Modified Business Tax (MBT) for donations to approved scholarship organizations. Credits were initially capped at \$5M (FY 2016), \$5.5M (FY 2017), and increased annually by 10%. S.B. 555 (2017) added \$20M in one-time credits for FY 2018. A.B. 458 (2019) capped annual credits at \$6.65M starting in FY 2020 and applied the limit across MBT Chapters 363A and 363B. S.B. 551 (2019) added \$4.745M per year in FY 2020 and FY 2021, and A.B. 495 (2021) authorized the same for FY 2022. Forecasts for FY 2025–FY 2027 were prepared by the GFO and Fiscal Division using data from the Department of Taxation.

[TC-6] S.B. 412 (2015) provides a credit against the MBT to employers who match employee contributions to Nevada college savings or prepaid tuition plans. The credit equals 25% of the employer's match, up to \$500 per employee annually, with a 5-year carryforward for unused credits. Provisions took effect Jan 1, 2016 (College Savings) and July 1, 2016 (Prepaid Tuition). Forecasts for FY 2025–FY 2027 are based on enrollment and contribution data from the Treasurer's Office.

[TC-7] S.B. 448 (2019) created a pilot program authorizing the Housing Division to issue up to \$40M in transferrable tax credits for affordable housing projects, with a cap of \$10M per year and up to \$3M extra in any year if needed. Unused credits may carry forward; overages reduce the following year's cap. S.B. 284 (2021) made the program permanent, shifted issuance to occur before project completion, and retained the \$40M cap. Forecasts for FY 2025–FY 2027 are based on information from the Housing Division.

2.4 Detail Overview - Major General Fund Revenue Source
2% Sales and Use Tax

Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025

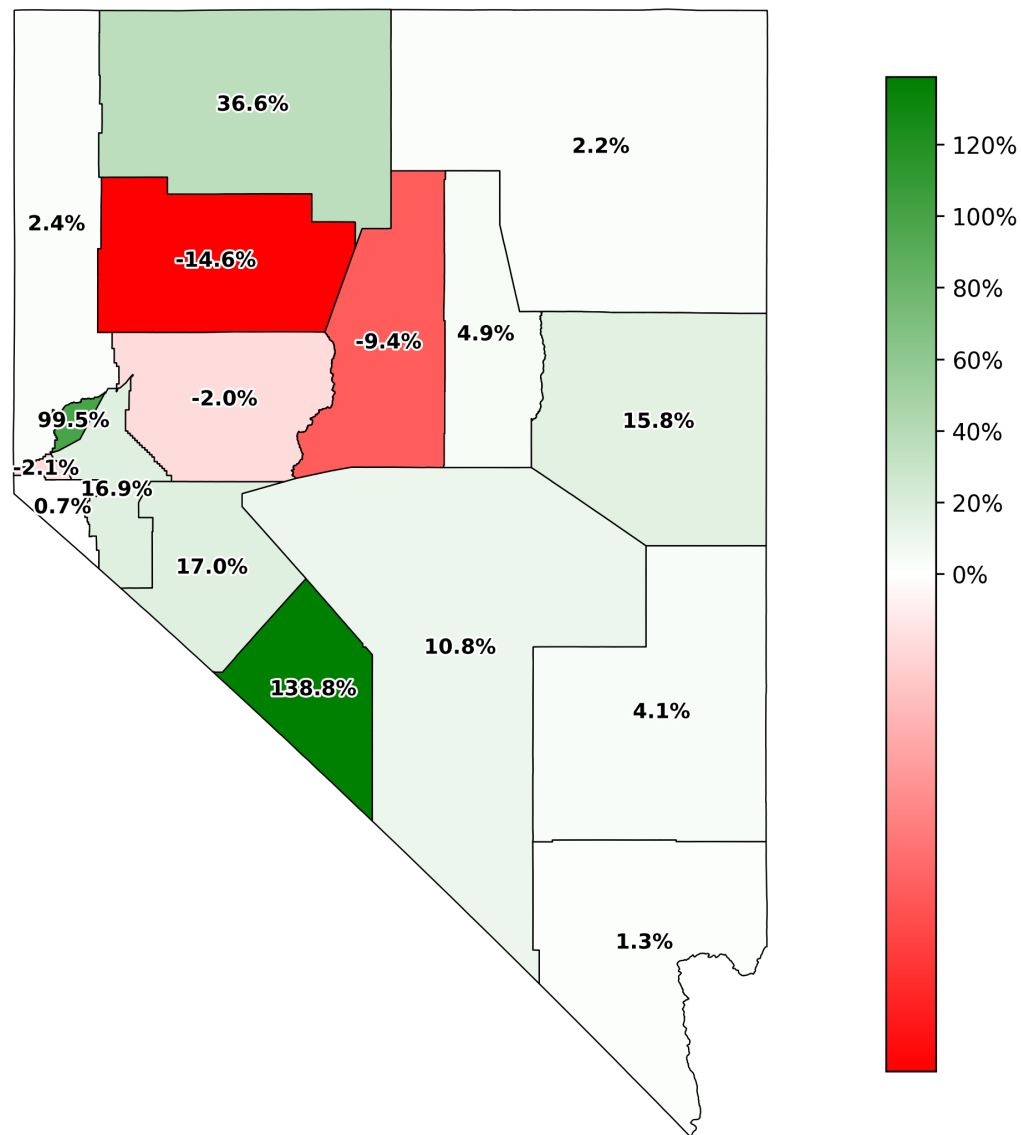


Summary Table				
Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$145,064,574	\$141,591,776	\$(3,472,798)	-2.4%
Aug	\$142,581,122	\$167,127,183	\$24,546,061	+17.2%
Sep	\$152,954,037	\$152,915,226	\$(38,811)	-0.0%
Oct	\$141,547,306	\$155,391,977	\$13,844,670	+9.8%
Nov	\$69,494,134	\$148,120,825	\$78,626,691	+113.1%
Dec	\$162,339,650	\$189,886,586	\$27,546,936	+17.0%
Jan	\$136,056,332	\$144,825,350	\$8,769,018	+6.4%
Feb	\$140,058,535	\$152,334,502	\$12,275,967	+8.8%
Mar	\$153,036,221	\$177,462,069	\$24,425,848	+16.0%
Apr	\$150,906,963	\$159,039,782	\$8,132,820	+5.4%
May	\$147,803,673	\$163,754,864	\$15,951,191	+10.8%
Jun	\$233,431,214	\$174,512,678	\$(58,918,536)	-25.2%
Total	\$1,775,273,760	\$1,926,962,816	\$151,689,056	+8.5%

2.4 Detail Overview - Major General Fund Revenue Source

2% Sales and Use Tax

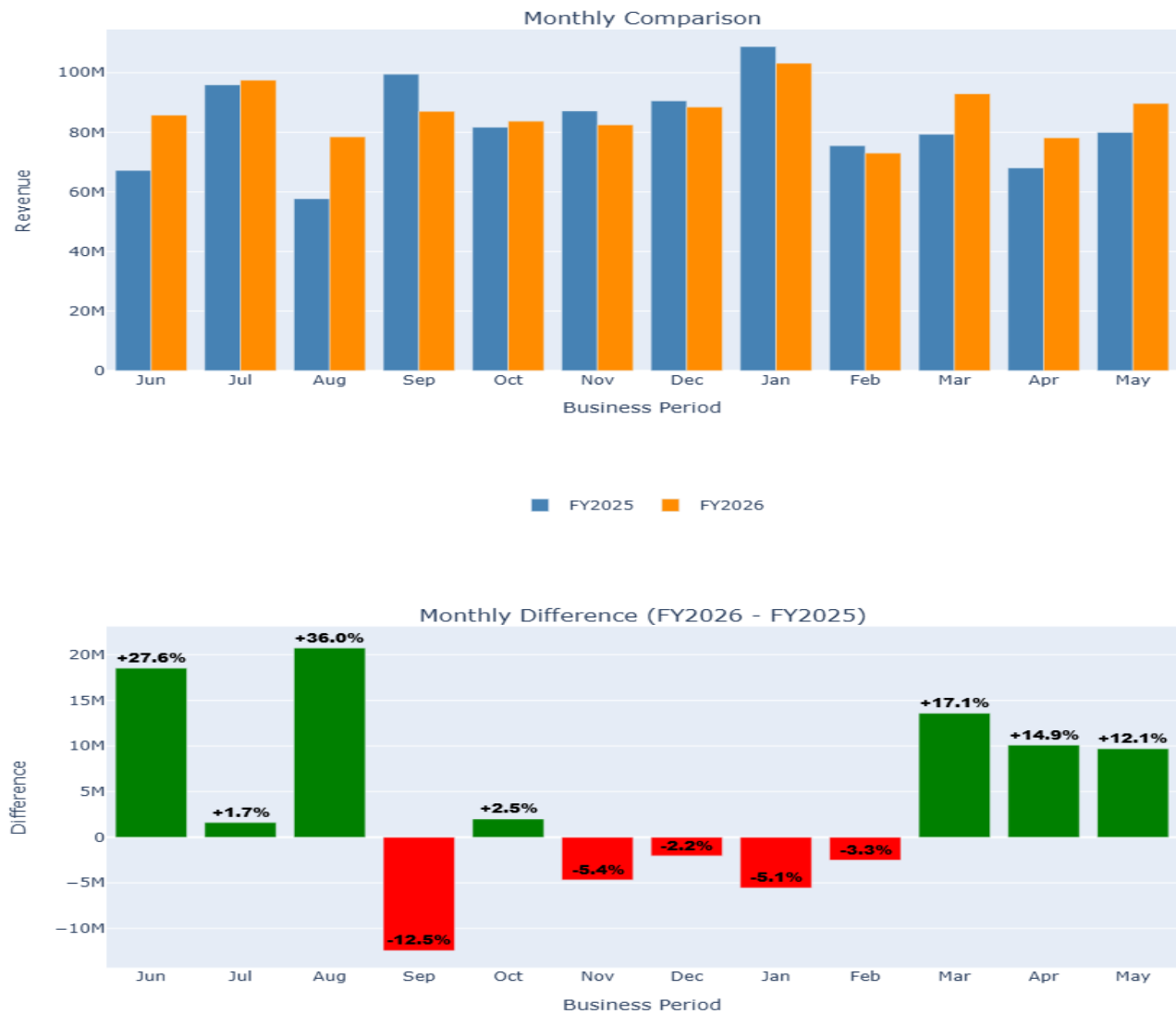
Year-to-Date Percent Change in 2% Sales & Use Tax: FY 2026 vs FY 2025



County	2026	2025	Difference	% Change
Churchill County	\$7,839,117.53	\$7,995,372.45	\$(156,254.92)	-2.0%
Clark County	\$1,165,838,023.91	\$1,151,303,095.57	\$14,534,928.34	+1.3%
Douglas County	\$20,854,349.62	\$20,717,914.08	\$136,435.54	+0.7%
Elko County	\$34,401,997.71	\$33,650,134.19	\$751,863.52	+2.2%
Esmeralda County	\$1,301,266.16	\$544,931.16	\$756,335.00	+138.8%
Eureka County	\$9,414,623.57	\$8,977,417.31	\$437,206.26	+4.9%
Humboldt County	\$18,991,036.78	\$13,906,790.09	\$5,084,246.69	+36.6%
Lander County	\$5,140,713.72	\$5,670,956.73	\$(530,243.01)	-9.4%
Lincoln County	\$876,977.75	\$842,404.60	\$34,573.15	+4.1%
Lyon County	\$18,640,190.45	\$15,944,002.55	\$2,696,187.90	+16.9%
Mineral County	\$1,009,875.31	\$863,105.22	\$146,770.09	+17.0%
Nye County	\$19,507,306.55	\$17,605,010.84	\$1,902,295.71	+10.8%
Carson City	\$30,857,536.16	\$31,513,087.70	\$(655,551.54)	-2.1%
Pershing County	\$3,877,540.92	\$4,541,394.02	\$(663,853.10)	-14.6%
Storey County	\$54,360,677.86	\$27,245,454.10	\$27,115,223.76	+99.5%
Washoe County	\$221,890,417.36	\$216,723,587.62	\$5,166,829.74	+2.4%
White Pine County	\$8,070,983.35	\$6,970,098.56	\$1,100,884.79	+15.8%
OUT-OF-STATE	\$304,090,181.38	\$210,259,003.34	\$93,831,178.04	+44.6%
Total	\$1,926,962,816.09	\$1,775,273,760.13	\$151,689,055.96	+8.5%

2.4 Detail Overview - Major General Fund Revenue Source
Gaming Percentage Fees

Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025

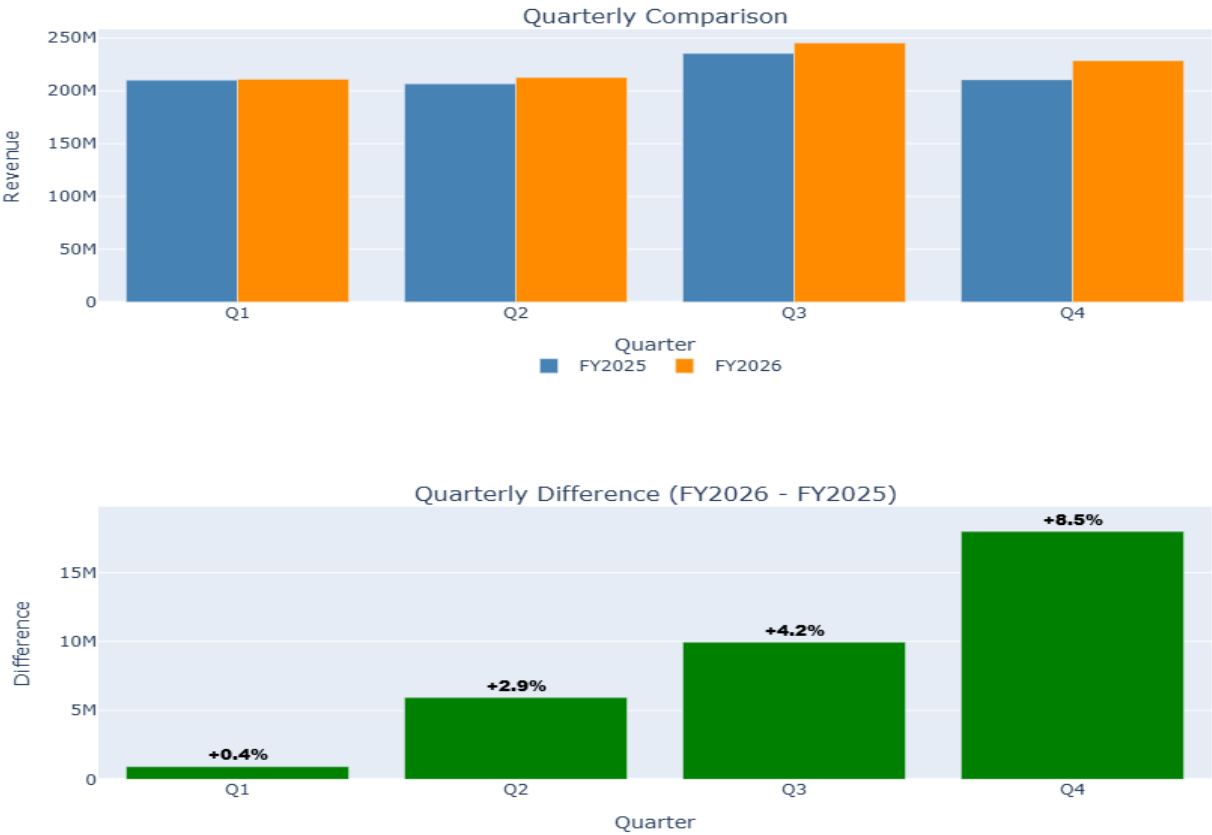


Summary Table

Business Period	Collection Period	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jun	Jul	\$67,199,203	\$85,733,430	\$18,534,227	+27.6%
Jul	Aug	\$95,893,513	\$97,506,469	\$1,612,956	+1.7%
Aug	Sep	\$57,675,978	\$78,426,174	\$20,750,196	+36.0%
Sep	Oct	\$99,446,976	\$87,021,408	\$-12,425,568	-12.5%
Oct	Nov	\$81,685,387	\$83,687,548	\$2,002,162	+2.5%
Nov	Dec	\$87,164,641	\$82,483,208	\$-4,681,433	-5.4%
Dec	Jan	\$90,514,208	\$88,488,475	\$-2,025,733	-2.2%
Jan	Feb	\$108,739,763	\$103,191,846	\$-5,547,916	-5.1%
Feb	Mar	\$75,517,482	\$73,008,731	\$-2,508,751	-3.3%
Mar	Apr	\$79,329,719	\$92,909,811	\$13,580,092	+17.1%
Apr	May	\$68,045,345	\$78,150,501	\$10,105,156	+14.9%
May	Jun	\$79,931,124	\$89,636,260	\$9,705,136	+12.1%
Total		\$991,143,340	\$1,040,243,861	\$49,100,521	+5.0%

2.4 Detail Overview - Major General Fund Revenue Source
 Modified Business Tax: Non-Financial, Financial, and Mining

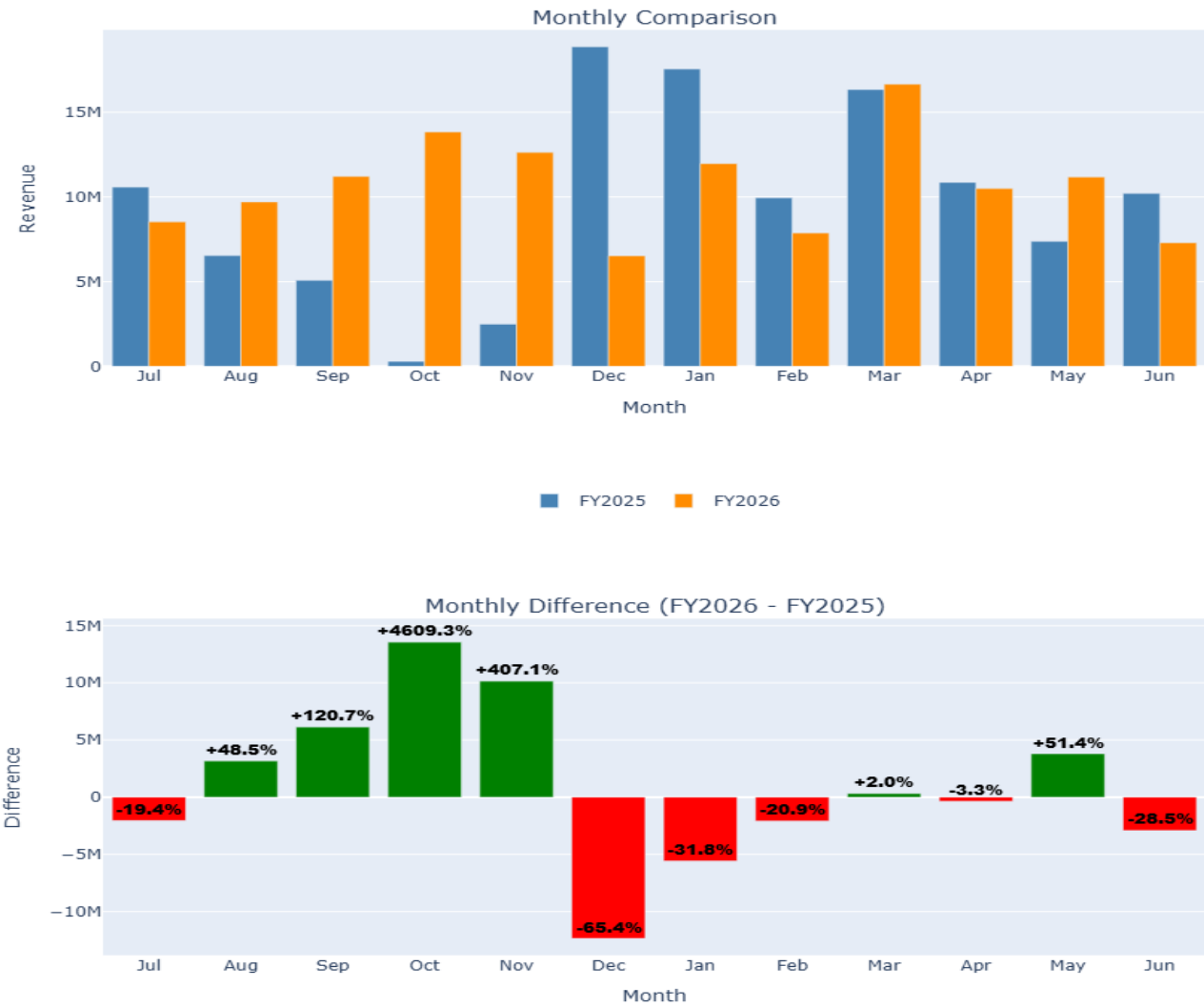
Quarterly Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025



Quarter	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Q1	\$210,230,008	\$211,150,805	\$920,797	+0.4%
Q2	\$206,703,717	\$212,651,625	\$5,947,908	+2.9%
Q3	\$235,438,286	\$245,389,946	\$9,951,661	+4.2%
Q4	\$210,557,061	\$228,546,345	\$17,989,283	+8.5%
Total	\$862,929,072	\$897,738,721	\$34,809,649	+4.0%

2.4 Detail Overview - Major General Fund Revenue Source
Live Entertainment Tax Non-Gaming

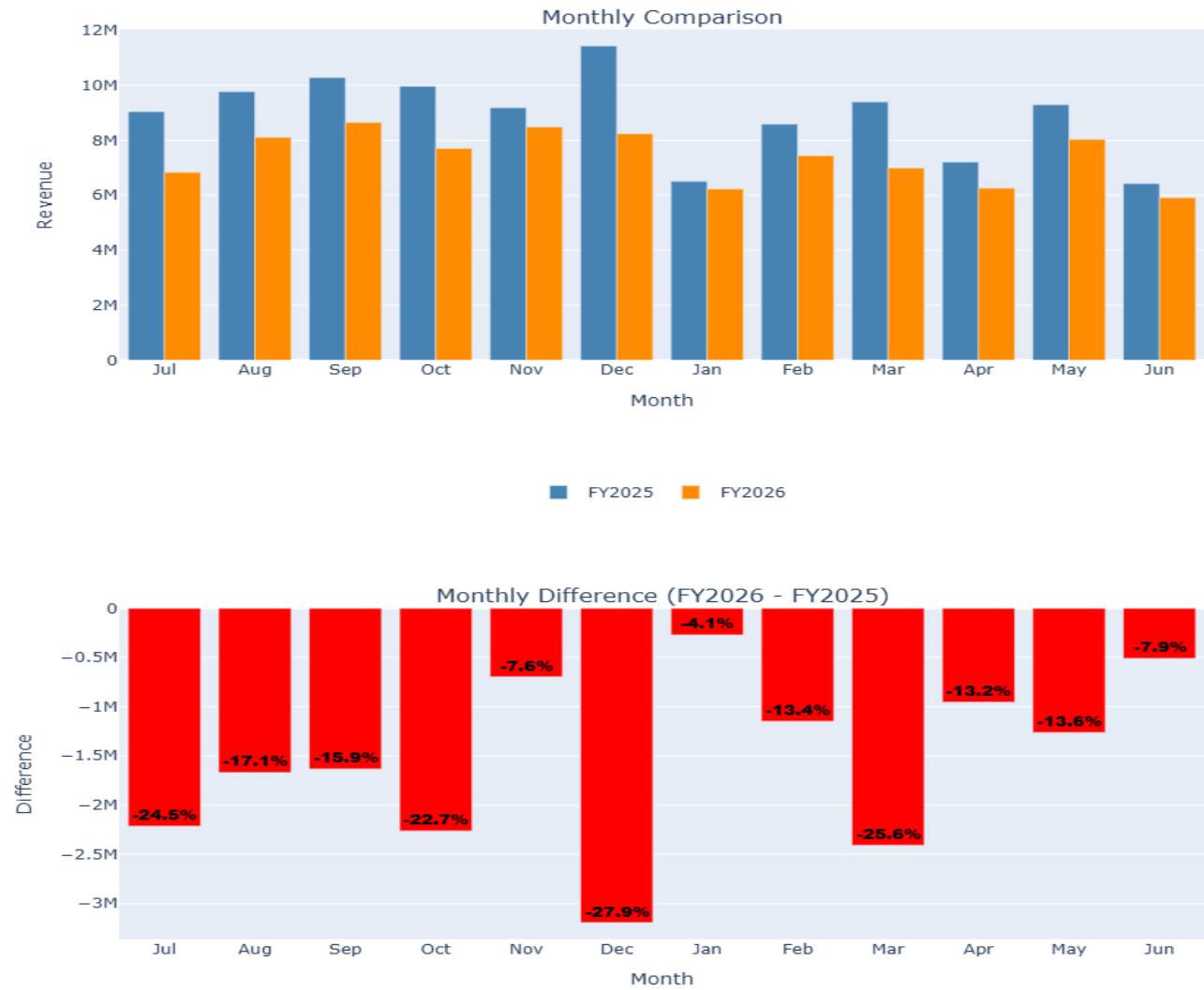
Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025



Summary Table				
Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$10,583,024	\$8,534,431	\$(2,048,593)	-19.4%
Aug	\$6,540,178	\$9,709,466	\$3,169,288	+48.5%
Sep	\$5,081,117	\$11,214,509	\$6,133,392	+120.7%
Oct	\$293,852	\$13,838,296	\$13,544,445	+4609.3%
Nov	\$2,490,655	\$12,628,959	\$10,138,304	+407.1%
Dec	\$18,869,974	\$6,526,456	\$(12,343,518)	-65.4%
Jan	\$17,554,423	\$11,973,304	\$(5,581,119)	-31.8%
Feb	\$9,951,655	\$7,870,040	\$(2,081,614)	-20.9%
Mar	\$16,342,360	\$16,664,088	\$321,728	+2.0%
Apr	\$10,864,911	\$10,504,022	\$(360,888)	-3.3%
May	\$7,382,795	\$11,180,542	\$3,797,747	+51.4%
Jun	\$10,207,416	\$7,301,485	\$(2,905,931)	-28.5%
Total	\$116,162,359	\$127,945,598	\$11,783,239	+10.1%

2.4 Detail Overview - Major General Fund Revenue Source
Live Entertainment Tax Gaming

Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025

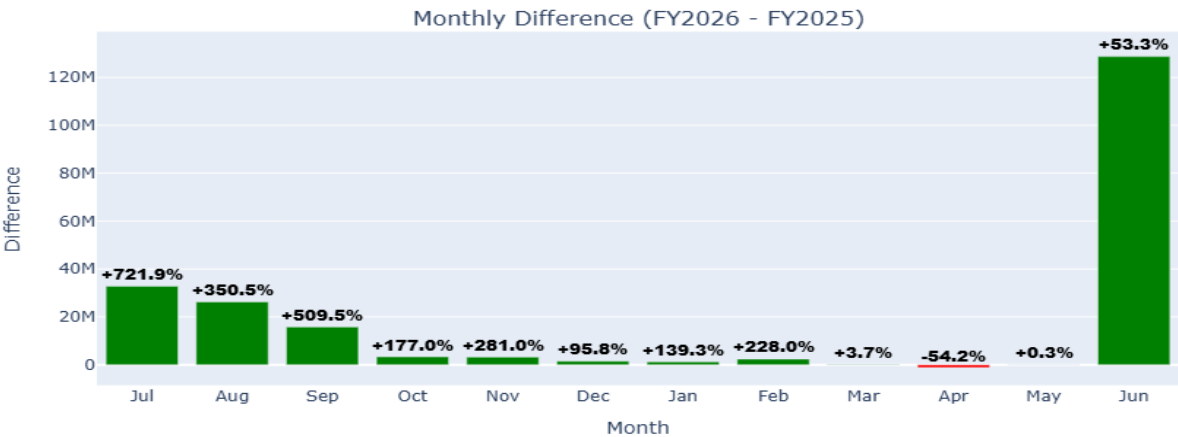
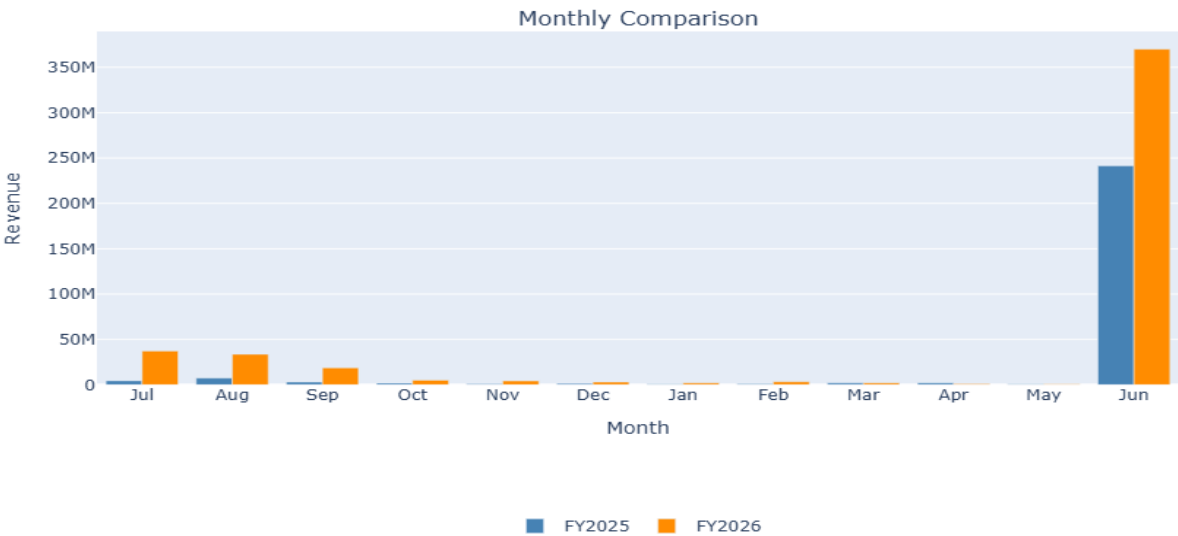


Summary Table				
Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$9,048,633	\$6,835,083	\$(2,213,550)	-24.5%
Aug	\$9,777,354	\$8,109,538	\$(1,667,816)	-17.1%
Sep	\$10,288,156	\$8,655,559	\$(1,632,596)	-15.9%
Oct	\$9,971,927	\$7,710,003	\$(2,261,924)	-22.7%
Nov	\$9,185,024	\$8,489,273	\$(695,751)	-7.6%
Dec	\$11,438,615	\$8,246,374	\$(3,192,241)	-27.9%
Jan	\$6,504,658	\$6,234,878	\$(269,780)	-4.1%
Feb	\$8,590,981	\$7,443,715	\$(1,147,266)	-13.4%
Mar	\$9,402,175	\$6,995,389	\$(2,406,786)	-25.6%
Apr	\$7,211,880	\$6,258,830	\$(953,050)	-13.2%
May	\$9,297,789	\$8,035,845	\$(1,261,944)	-13.6%
Jun	\$6,425,945	\$5,915,941	\$(510,004)	-7.9%
Total	\$107,143,137	\$88,930,428	\$(18,212,709)	-17.0%

2.4 Detail Overview - Major General Fund Revenue Source

Commerce Tax

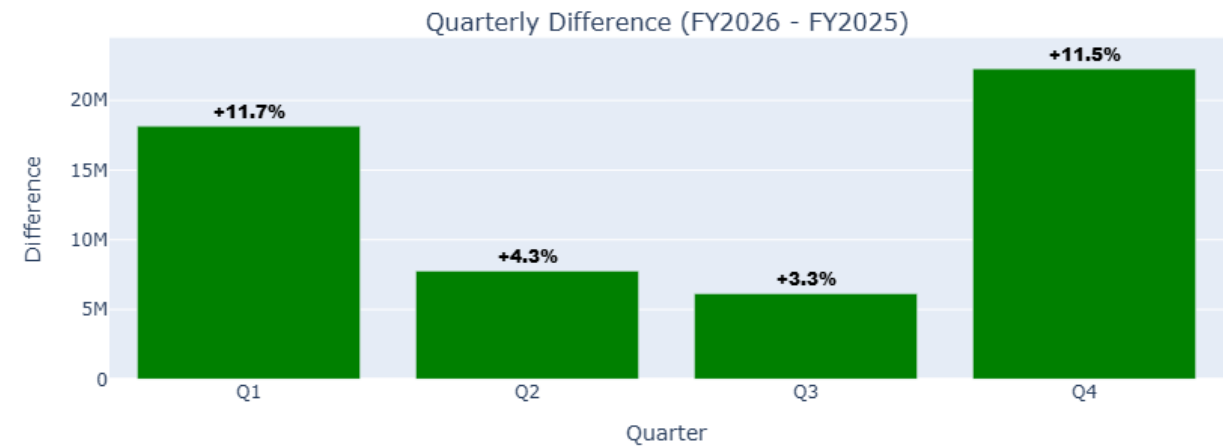
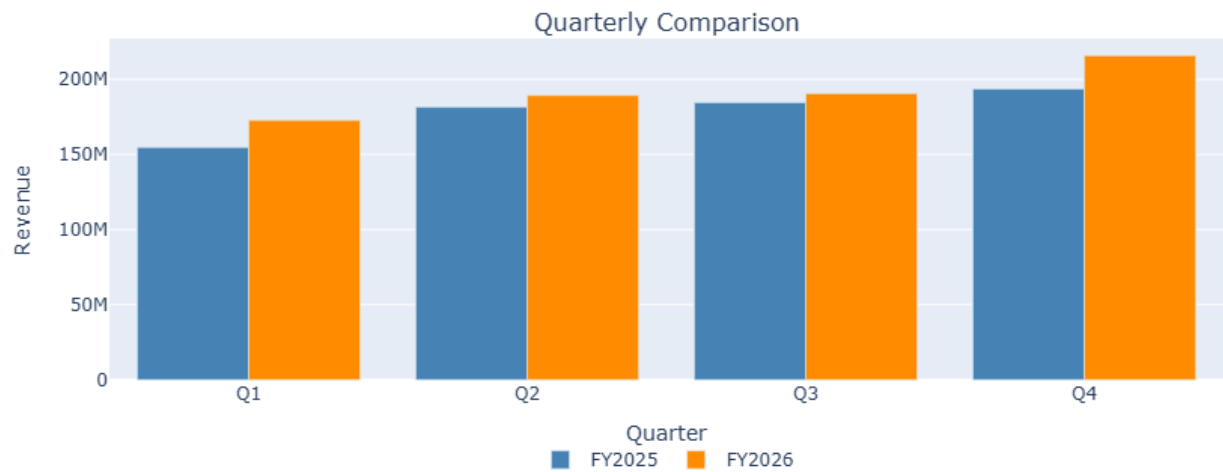
Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025



Summary Table				
Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$4,535,541	\$37,278,415	\$32,742,874	+721.9%
Aug	\$7,494,698	\$33,765,635	\$26,270,937	+350.5%
Sep	\$3,093,841	\$18,856,596	\$15,762,755	+509.5%
Oct	\$1,873,445	\$5,189,955	\$3,316,510	+177.0%
Nov	\$1,134,136	\$4,320,749	\$3,186,612	+281.0%
Dec	\$1,559,160	\$3,053,543	\$1,494,382	+95.8%
Jan	\$881,977	\$2,110,614	\$1,228,636	+139.3%
Feb	\$1,041,330	\$3,415,293	\$2,373,963	+228.0%
Mar	\$2,081,834	\$2,159,429	\$77,594	+3.7%
Apr	\$2,161,929	\$991,174	\$(1,170,755)	-54.2%
May	\$919,637	\$922,401	\$2,763	+0.3%
Jun	\$241,352,628	\$370,058,709	\$128,706,081	+53.3%
Total	\$268,130,157	\$482,122,512	\$213,992,354	+79.8%

2.4 Detail Overview - Major General Fund Revenue Source
Insurance Premium Tax

Quarterly Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025



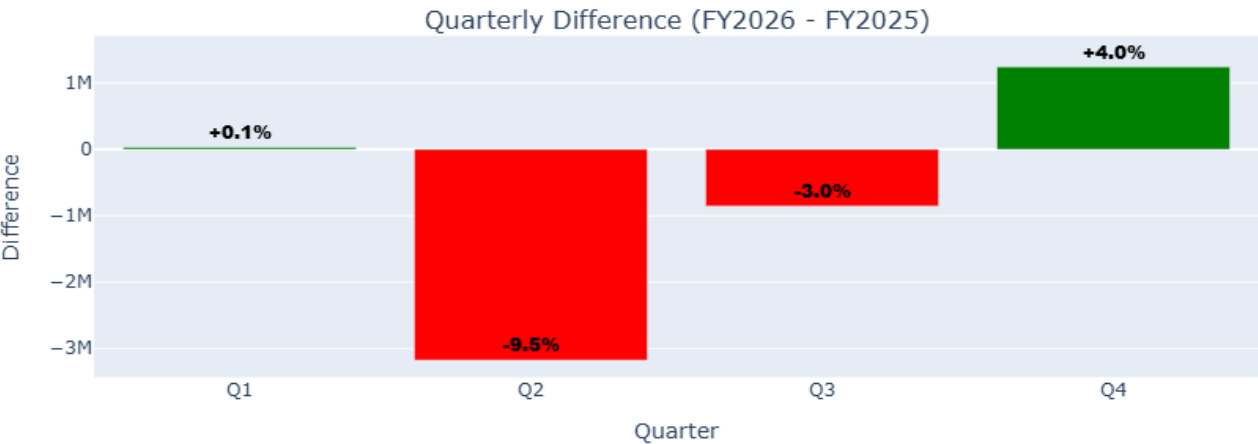
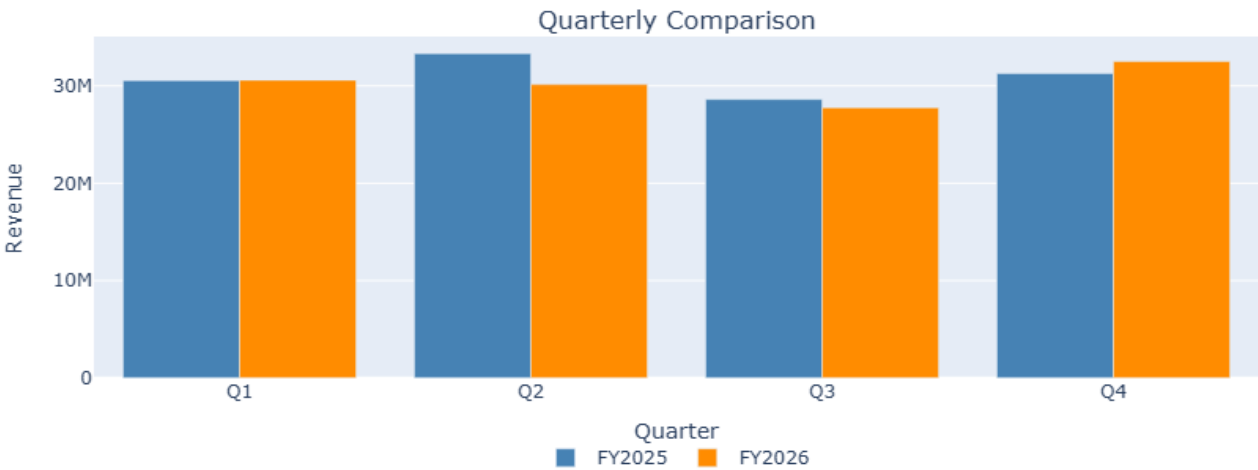
Summary Table

Quarter	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Q1	\$154,644,002	\$172,793,206	\$18,149,204	+11.7%
Q2	\$181,484,752	\$189,240,016	\$7,755,264	+4.3%
Q3	\$184,560,810	\$190,700,745	\$6,139,935	+3.3%
Q4	\$193,537,857	\$215,803,821	\$22,265,965	+11.5%
Total	\$714,227,421	\$768,537,788	\$54,310,368	+7.6%

2.4 Detail Overview - Major General Fund Revenue Source

Real Property Transfer Tax

Quarterly Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025



Summary Table				
Quarter	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Q1	\$30,561,948	\$30,590,862	\$28,914	+0.1%
Q2	\$33,317,235	\$30,141,782	\$(3,175,453)	-9.5%
Q3	\$28,617,234	\$27,761,285	\$(855,949)	-3.0%
Q4	\$31,288,669	\$32,533,204	\$1,244,535	+4.0%
Total	\$123,785,086	\$121,027,133	\$(2,757,953)	-2.2%

2.4 Detail Overview - Major General Fund Revenue Source
Treasurer's Interest Income

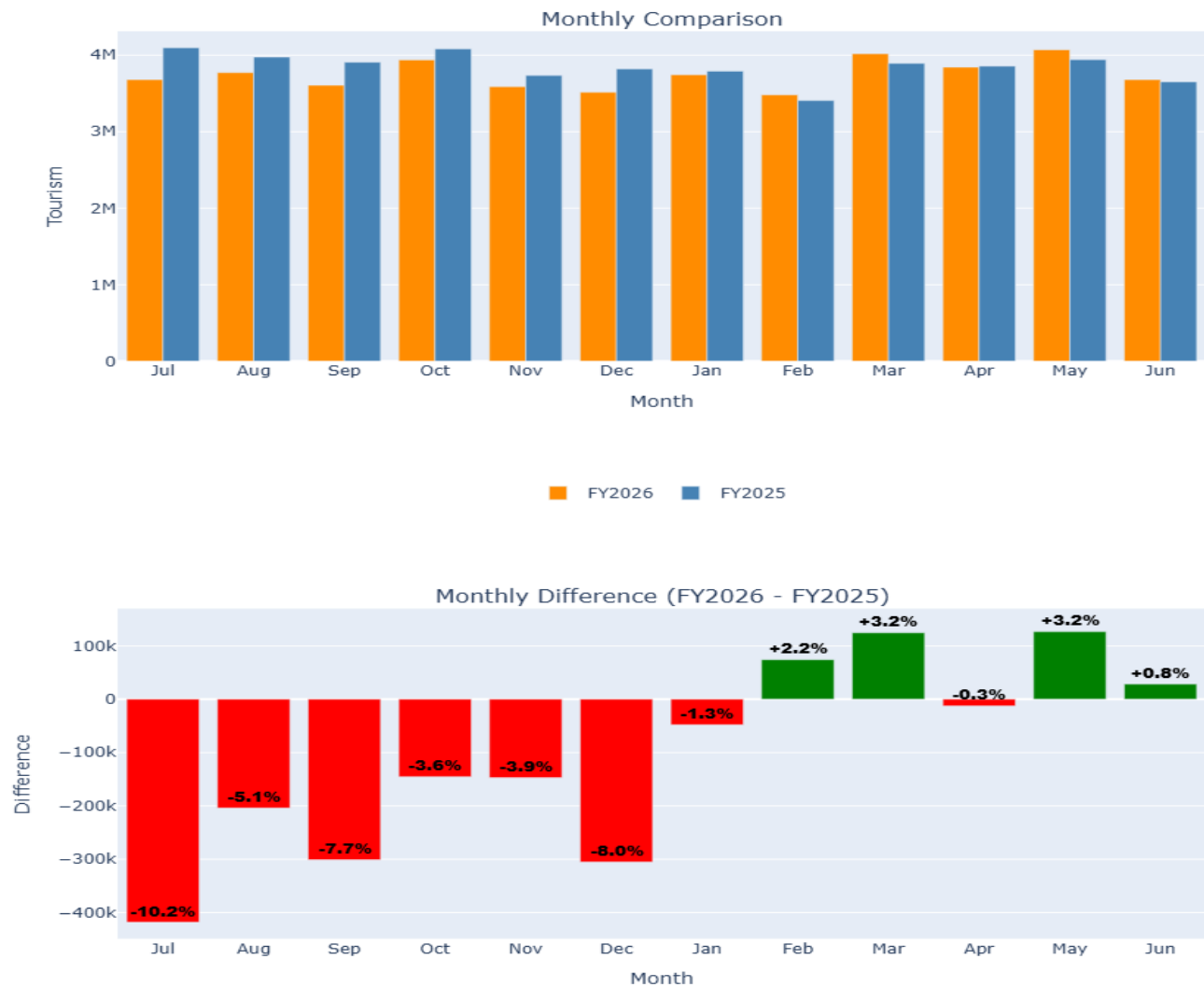
Quarterly Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025



Summary Table				
Quarter	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Q1	\$79,303,512	\$51,838,837	\$(27,464,675)	-34.6%
Q2	\$46,883,612	\$40,089,195	\$(6,794,417)	-14.5%
Q3	\$52,748,862	\$32,693,627	\$(20,055,236)	-38.0%
Q4	\$45,878,082	\$40,024,428	\$(5,853,654)	-12.8%
Total	\$224,814,068	\$164,646,086	\$(60,167,981)	-26.8%

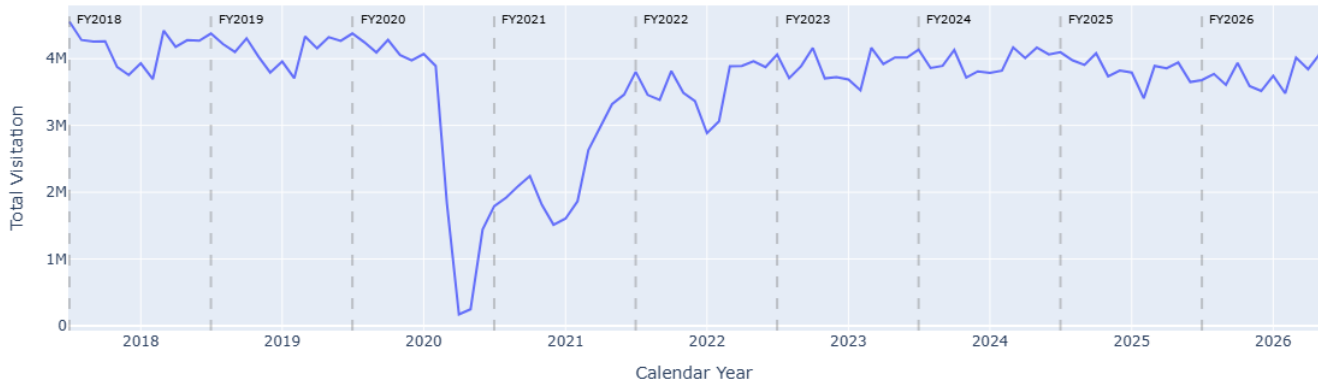
2.5 Tourism Tracker

Visitation Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025

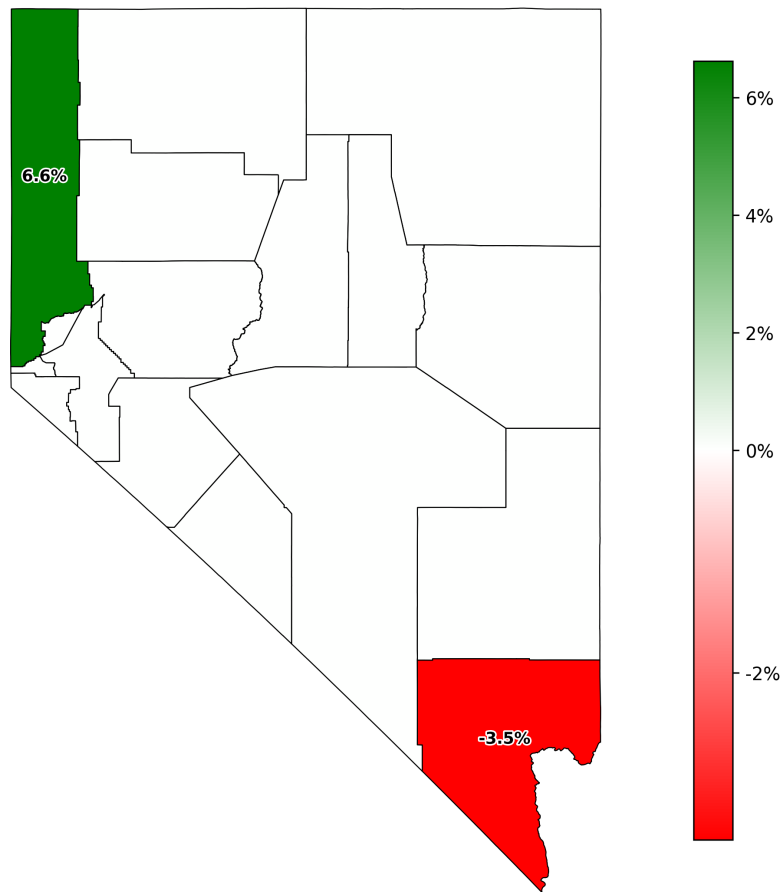


Summary Table				
Month	2026	2025	Difference	% Change
Jul	3,679,220	4,097,190	(417,970)	-10.2%
Aug	3,771,781	3,975,931	(204,150)	-5.1%
Sep	3,606,960	3,907,772	(300,812)	-7.7%
Oct	3,936,199	4,081,527	(145,328)	-3.6%
Nov	3,589,613	3,736,588	(146,975)	-3.9%
Dec	3,516,662	3,821,907	(305,245)	-8.0%
Jan	3,743,786	3,791,849	(48,063)	-1.3%
Feb	3,480,943	3,406,843	74,100	+2.2%
Mar	4,017,681	3,893,151	124,530	+3.2%
Apr	3,843,441	3,855,920	(12,479)	-0.3%
May	4,069,737	3,943,176	126,561	+3.2%
Jun	3,679,316	3,650,817	28,499	+0.8%
Total	44,935,339	46,162,671	(1,227,332)	-2.7%

Total Visitors Over Time



Year-to-Date Percent Change in Visitation: FY 2026 vs 2025



Region	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Reno/Sparks	3,850,671	4,105,339	254,668	+6.6%
Las Vegas	40,137,000	38,577,000	(1,560,000)	-3.9%
Laughlin	1,357,000	1,445,000	88,000	+6.5%
Mesquite	818,000	808,000	(10,000)	-1.2%
State Wide	46,162,671	44,935,339	(1,227,332)	-2.7%

Section 3: Minor Revenue Sources

3.1 End-of-Year Historical Collections Comparison

End-of-Year Revenue Collections for FY 2023–2026													
Minor General Fund Revenue Sources	Through	Prior Fiscal Years									Current Fiscal		
		FY 2023			FY 2024			FY 2025			FY 2026		
		millions	\$ Change	% Change	millions	\$ Change	% Change	millions	\$ Change	% Change	millions	\$ Change	% Change
Cigarette Tax	June	\$135.28	\$(8.79)	–6.10%	\$122.97	\$(12.30)	–9.09%	\$119.56	\$(3.42)	–2.78%	\$97.63	\$(21.93)	–18.34%
Liquor Tax	June	\$46.01	\$(4.38)	–8.70%	\$49.05	\$3.04	6.61%	\$43.28	\$(5.77)	–11.77%	\$46.15	\$2.87	6.64%
Other Tobacco Tax [8-24][5-26]	June	\$35.16	\$(0.60)	–1.67%	\$32.93	\$(2.23)	–6.33%	\$29.20	\$(3.73)	–11.34%	\$40.11	\$10.91	37.37%
Short Term Car Lease [8-22]	Q4	\$81.42	\$6.83	9.16%	\$78.88	\$(2.54)	–3.12%	\$78.71	\$(0.16)	–0.21%	\$76.62	\$(2.10)	–2.67%
Transportation Connection Excise Tax	June	\$39.98	\$11.51	40.45%	\$40.16	\$0.18	0.45%	\$45.44	\$5.28	13.14%	\$42.72	\$(2.71)	–5.97%
Branch Bank Excise Tax	Q4	\$2.25	\$(0.09)	–3.70%	\$2.16	\$(0.09)	–4.00%	\$2.11	\$(0.05)	–2.14%	\$1.99	\$(0.12)	–5.87%
TOTAL EXCISE TAXES		\$340.09	\$4.49	1.34%	\$326.15	\$(13.94)	–4.10%	\$318.29	\$(7.86)	–2.41%	\$305.21	\$(13.08)	–4.11%
Business License Fee	June	\$118.27	\$(1.27)	–1.07%	\$122.66	\$4.39	3.71%	\$123.64	\$0.97	0.79%	\$127.32	\$3.68	2.98%
Commercial Recordings [9-24]	June	\$85.64	\$(2.93)	–3.31%	\$89.17	\$3.53	4.12%	\$90.92	\$1.75	1.96%	\$94.26	\$3.35	3.68%
Securities [7-22]	June	\$36.48	\$1.41	4.03%	\$36.67	\$0.19	0.52%	\$37.77	\$1.10	3.01%	\$39.65	\$1.88	4.98%
UCC	June	\$3.24	\$(0.21)	–6.11%	\$3.48	\$0.24	7.36%	\$3.00	\$(0.48)	–13.78%	\$3.85	\$0.85	28.20%
Notary Fees	June	\$0.78	\$0.07	9.29%	\$0.79	\$0.00	0.56%	\$0.81	\$0.02	2.97%	\$0.89	\$0.08	9.79%
TOTAL SoS		\$244.42	\$(2.94)	–1.19%	\$252.77	\$8.35	3.42%	\$256.14	\$3.37	1.33%	\$265.97	\$9.83	3.84%
Expired Slot Machine Wagering Vouchers	June	\$19.32	\$2.81	17.02%	\$18.37	\$(0.94)	–4.88%	\$17.83	\$(0.55)	–2.98%	\$17.07	\$(0.76)	–4.25%
Non-Restricted Slots	June	\$10.25	\$0.10	0.96%	\$10.56	\$0.31	3.03%	\$10.40	\$(0.16)	–1.50%	\$10.36	\$(0.04)	–0.35%
Flat Fees-Restricted Slots	June	\$8.48	\$0.01	0.17%	\$8.61	\$0.13	1.49%	\$8.63	\$0.03	0.32%	\$8.75	\$0.12	1.34%
Quarterly Fees-Games	June	\$5.44	\$(0.03)	–0.53%	\$5.49	\$0.05	0.94%	\$5.29	\$(0.19)	–3.52%	\$5.24	\$(0.06)	–1.08%
Other Gaming Fees	June	\$1.16	\$(16.20)	–93.31%	\$21.34	\$20.18	1,736.33%	\$26.12	\$4.77	22.37%	\$9.25	\$(16.86)	–64.57%
TOTAL GAMING		\$44.64	\$(13.31)	–22.97%	\$64.37	\$19.72	44.18%	\$68.27	\$3.90	6.06%	\$50.67	\$(17.60)	–25.78%
Unclaimed Property [11-22][14-24]	June	\$60.02	\$3.96	7.07%	\$70.97	\$10.94	18.23%	\$135.62	\$64.66	91.11%	\$183.60	\$47.98	35.38%
Other Fees & Revenue	June	\$95.38	\$(0.42)	–0.44%	\$92.68	\$(2.71)	–2.84%	\$90.72	\$(1.96)	–2.11%	\$91.04	\$0.32	0.36%
TOTAL COLLECTIONS		\$784.56	\$(8.22)	–1.04%	\$806.93	\$22.37	2.85%	\$869.05	\$62.12	7.70%	\$896.50	\$27.45	3.16%

Note: Other Gaming Fees includes revenue from Interactive Gaming Operator fees, Equipment Manufacturer License fees, Advance License Fees, and various penalties including fines, interest, and other penalty related charges.

FY 2022: These notes represent legislative actions approved during the 2021 Legislative Session.

[8-22] S.B. 389 provides for the regulation and licensing of peer-to-peer car sharing programs by the Department of Motor Vehicles, and also provides that passenger cars that are shared through such a program are subject to a Short Term Car Lease Fee that is identical to the fee already collected by the Department of Taxation on the rental of other passenger cars in this state, effective October 1, 2021.

[7-22] S.B. 9 provides an exemption from licensure for investment advisers to certain qualifying private funds, effective July 1, 2022, if: (1) the investment adviser solely advises one or more qualifying private funds; (2) the investment adviser is not required to register with the Securities and Exchange Commission; (3) neither the investment adviser nor any of its advisory affiliates have engaged in certain bad acts; (4) the investment adviser files certain reports with the Administrator, who is the Deputy of Securities appointed by the Secretary of State; and (5) the investment adviser pays a fee prescribed by the Administrator.

[11-22] A.B. 445 requires the State Controller, as soon as practicable after the close of FY 2021, to transfer \$1,000,000 from the Abandoned Property Trust Account (Unclaimed Property) to the Grant Matching Account for the purpose of providing grants or satisfying matching requirements for nongovernmental organizational grants by the Office of Federal Assistance in the Office of the Governor. For FY 2023 and all subsequent years, the first \$1.0 million of revenue from Unclaimed Property that is generated after the required transfer of the first \$7.6 million to the Millennium Scholarship Trust Fund must be transferred to the Grant Matching Account. The actions in A.B. 445, therefore, reduce the forecast for this revenue source by \$1.0 million per year in FY 2022, FY 2023, and all future fiscal years.

FY 2024: These notes represent legislative actions approved during the 2023 Legislative Session.

[8-24] A.B. 232 revises the tax on other tobacco products to specify that the tax on premium cigars, defined as a cigar that is rolled by hand, has a wrapper made of whole tobacco leaves, and which does not have a filter or mouthpiece, is 30 percent of the wholesale price of the cigar, but cannot be less than 30 cents per premium cigar or more than 50 cents per premium cigar, effective July 1, 2023, until June 30, 2027. Estimated to reduce collections by \$1,000,000 per fiscal year in FY 2024 and FY 2025.

[9-24] A.B. 260 provides an exemption from any fees imposed by the Secretary of State's Office under Title 7 of the NRS for veterans services organizations, as recognized by the United States Secretary of Veterans Affairs, any agent or officer of such an organization, effective January 1, 2024. Estimated to reduce revenue by \$650 in FY 2024 and \$1,300 in FY 2025.

[14-24] A.B. 45 requires, by the end of each fiscal year, the transfer of \$2,500,000 from the Abandoned Property Trust Account (Unclaimed Property) to the Account for Student Loan Repayment for Providers of Health Care in Underserved Communities, effective January 1, 2024. This revenue must be transferred after the required transfer of the first \$7.6 million to the Millennium Scholarship Trust Fund and the next \$1 million to the Grant Matching Account.

FY 2026: These notes represent legislative actions approved during the 2025 Legislative Session.

[5-26] A.B. 471 provides for the taxation of remote retail sales of cigars and pipe tobacco to consumers in Nevada at rates identical to the Other Tobacco Products Tax imposed on the wholesale sale of these products, effective January 1, 2026. The tax is imposed on the remote retail seller if the seller meets a threshold of either cumulative gross receipts in the state above \$100,000 or 200 separate sales during the current or immediately preceding calendar year.

3.2 Forecast vs. Actuals

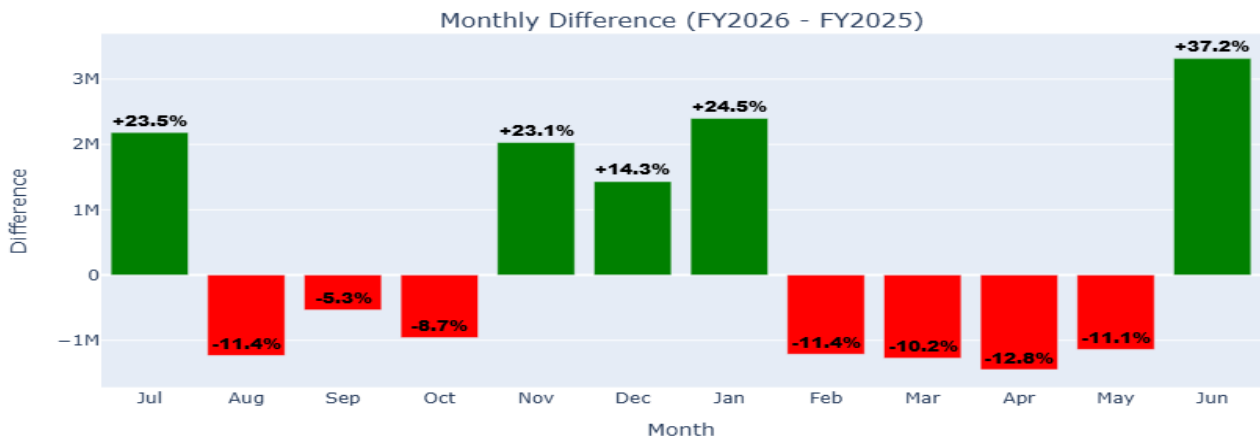
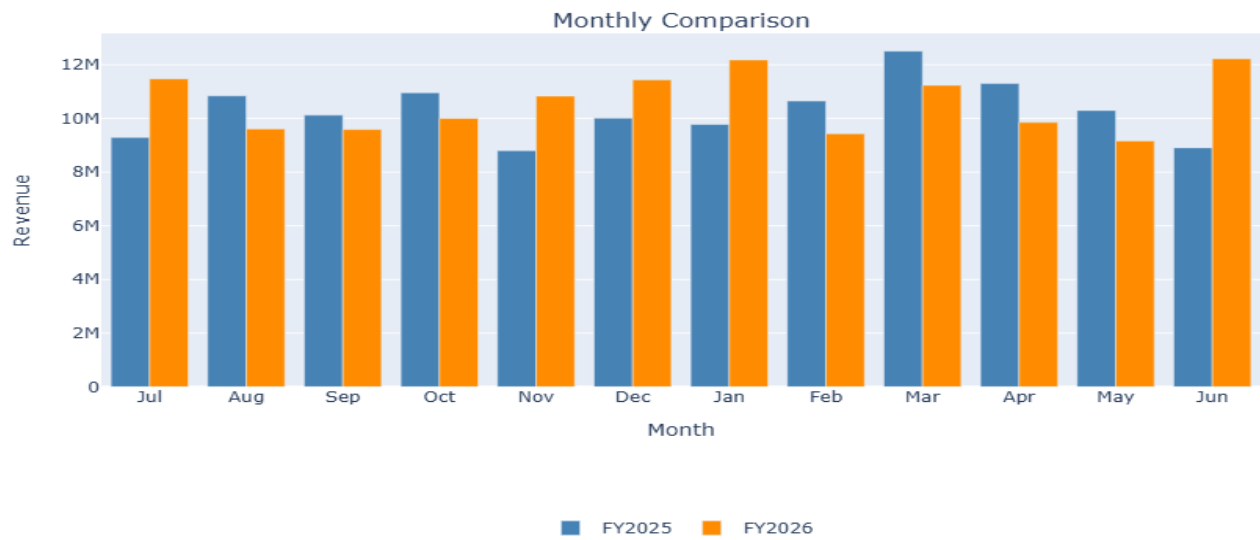
FY 2026 Forecast vs. Actual End-of-Year Collections					
Minor General Fund Revenue Sources	Fiscal Year Comparison				Through
	Forecast	Actuals	\$ Change	% Change	
Cigarette Tax	\$108.25	\$97.63	\$(10.62)	-9.81%	June
Liquor Tax	\$44.55	\$46.15	\$1.59	3.58%	June
Other Tobacco Tax [8-24][5-26]	\$31.58	\$40.11	\$8.53	26.99%	June
Short Term Car Lease [8-22]	\$78.51	\$76.62	\$(1.89)	-2.41%	Q4
Transportation Connection Excise Tax	\$43.48	\$42.72	\$(0.76)	-1.75%	June
Branch Bank Excise Tax	\$2.07	\$1.99	\$(0.08)	-3.94%	Q4
TOTAL EXCISE TAXES	\$308.45	\$305.21	\$(3.24)	-1.05%	
Business License Fee	\$125.54	\$127.32	\$1.78	1.42%	June
Commercial Recordings [9-24]	\$93.00	\$94.26	\$1.26	1.36%	June
Securities [7-22]	\$37.91	\$39.65	\$1.74	4.58%	June
UCC	\$3.01	\$3.85	\$0.84	28.01%	June
Notary Fees	\$0.77	\$0.89	\$0.12	15.93%	June
TOTAL SoS	\$260.23	\$265.97	\$5.75	2.21%	
Expired Slot Machine Wagering Vouchers	\$18.02	\$17.07	\$(0.95)	-5.29%	June
Non-Restricted Slots	\$10.46	\$10.36	\$(0.10)	-0.94%	June
Flat Fees-Restricted Slots	\$8.67	\$8.75	\$0.08	0.89%	June
Quarterly Fees-Games	\$5.21	\$5.24	\$0.02	0.44%	June
Other Gaming Fees	\$1.74	\$9.25	\$7.51	432.23%	June
TOTAL GAMING	\$44.11	\$50.67	\$6.56	14.88%	
Unclaimed Property [11-22][14-24]	\$65.77	\$183.60	\$117.83	179.16%	June
Other Fees & Revenue	\$87.37	\$91.04	\$3.67	4.20%	June
TOTAL COLLECTIONS	\$765.93	\$896.50	\$130.57	17.05%	

Note: Forecast values represent full fiscal year projections for FY 2026, based on the May 1, 2025 Economic Forum. Actual values reflect year-to-date collections through their respective months. For additional context and legislative notes, see Table 1 footnotes.

3.3 Detail Overview - Minor General Fund Revenue Source

Business License Fees

Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025

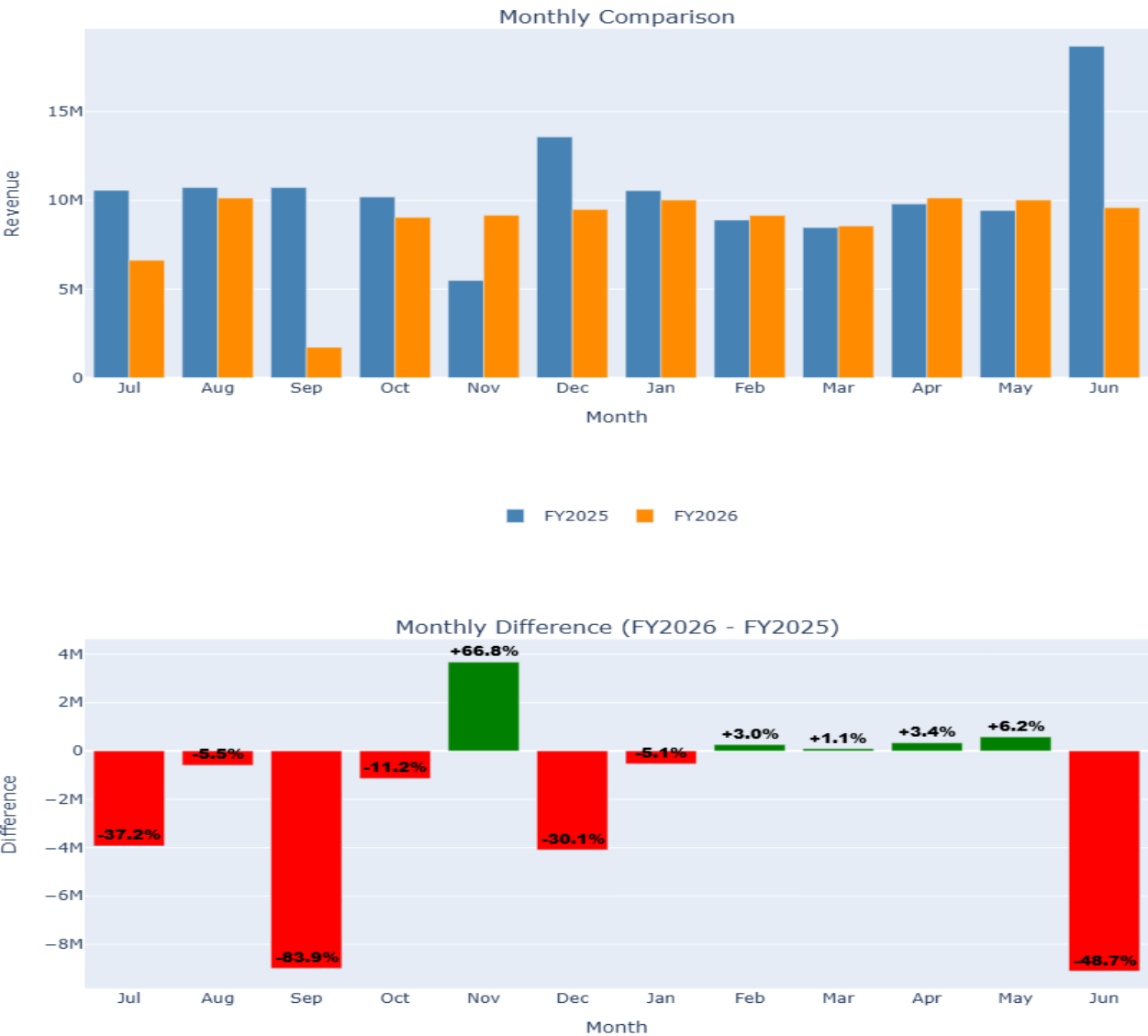


Summary Table				
Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$9,292,242	\$11,476,725	\$2,184,482	+23.5%
Aug	\$10,842,317	\$9,610,100	\$(1,232,217)	-11.4%
Sep	\$10,123,800	\$9,588,950	\$(534,850)	-5.3%
Oct	\$10,959,375	\$10,001,500	\$(957,875)	-8.7%
Nov	\$8,802,725	\$10,833,850	\$2,031,125	+23.1%
Dec	\$10,012,175	\$11,443,200	\$1,431,025	+14.3%
Jan	\$9,779,875	\$12,180,150	\$2,400,275	+24.5%
Feb	\$10,648,505	\$9,435,725	\$(1,212,780)	-11.4%
Mar	\$12,509,550	\$11,235,366	\$(1,274,184)	-10.2%
Apr	\$11,300,500	\$9,853,400	\$(1,447,100)	-12.8%
May	\$10,299,575	\$9,160,400	\$(1,139,175)	-11.1%
Jun	\$8,907,625	\$12,222,900	\$3,315,275	+37.2%
Total	\$123,478,265	\$127,042,266	\$3,564,001	+2.9%

3.3 Detail Overview - Minor General Fund Revenue Source

Cigarette Tax

Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025



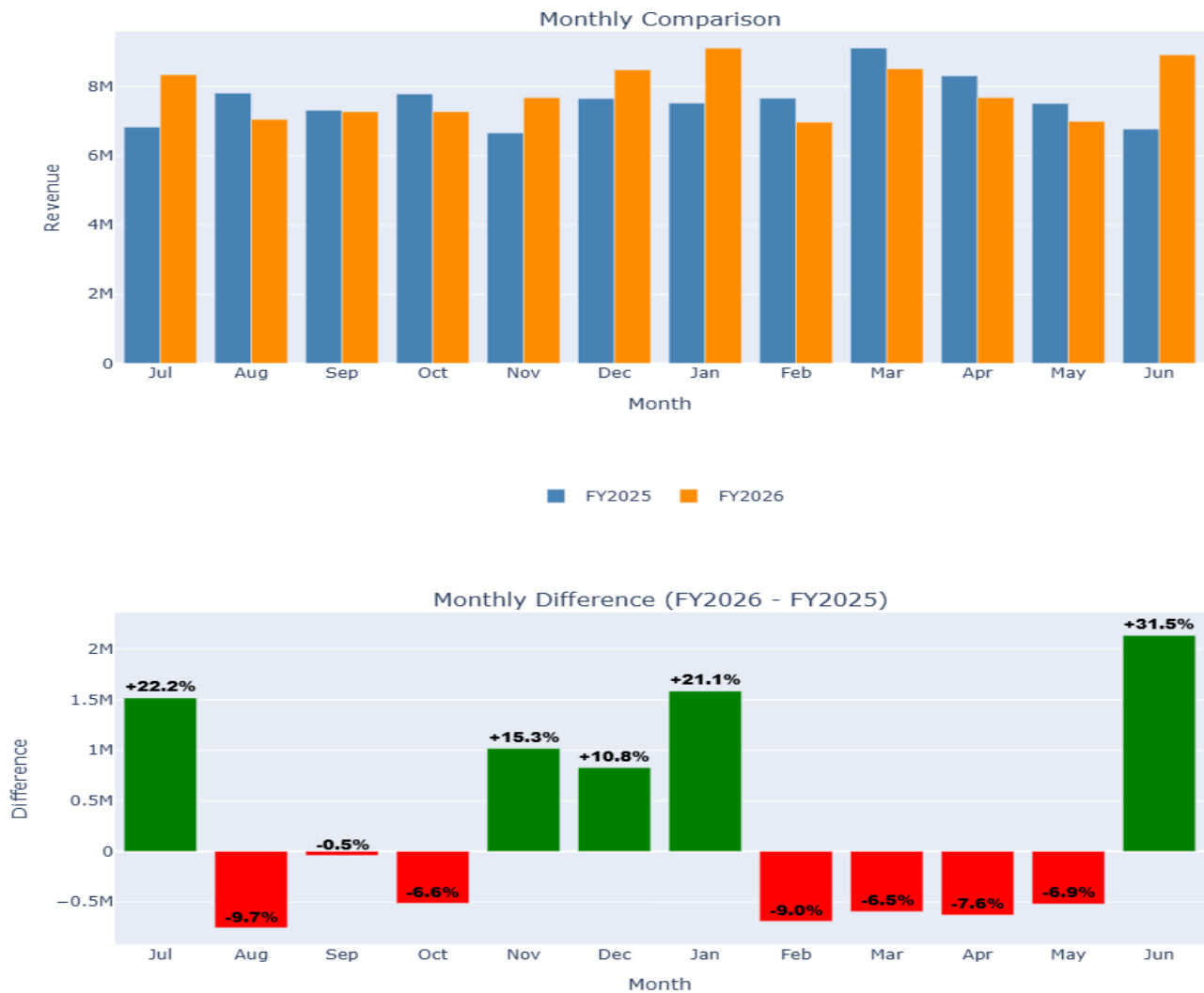
Summary Table

Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$10,566,991	\$6,634,918	\$(3,932,074)	-37.2%
Aug	\$10,719,135	\$10,126,620	\$(592,515)	-5.5%
Sep	\$10,719,160	\$1,723,608	\$(8,995,552)	-83.9%
Oct	\$10,189,911	\$9,049,320	\$(1,140,591)	-11.2%
Nov	\$5,494,230	\$9,166,476	\$3,672,246	+66.8%
Dec	\$13,583,406	\$9,489,666	\$(4,093,740)	-30.1%
Jan	\$10,557,612	\$10,018,890	\$(538,722)	-5.1%
Feb	\$8,894,538	\$9,157,188	\$262,651	+3.0%
Mar	\$8,472,964	\$8,564,535	\$91,570	+1.1%
Apr	\$9,803,430	\$10,136,046	\$332,616	+3.4%
May	\$9,435,874	\$10,018,890	\$583,016	+6.2%
Jun	\$18,688,463	\$9,587,970	\$(9,100,493)	-48.7%
Total	\$127,125,715	\$103,674,127	\$(23,451,588)	-18.4%

3.3 Detail Overview - Minor General Fund Revenue Source

Commercial Recordings

Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025

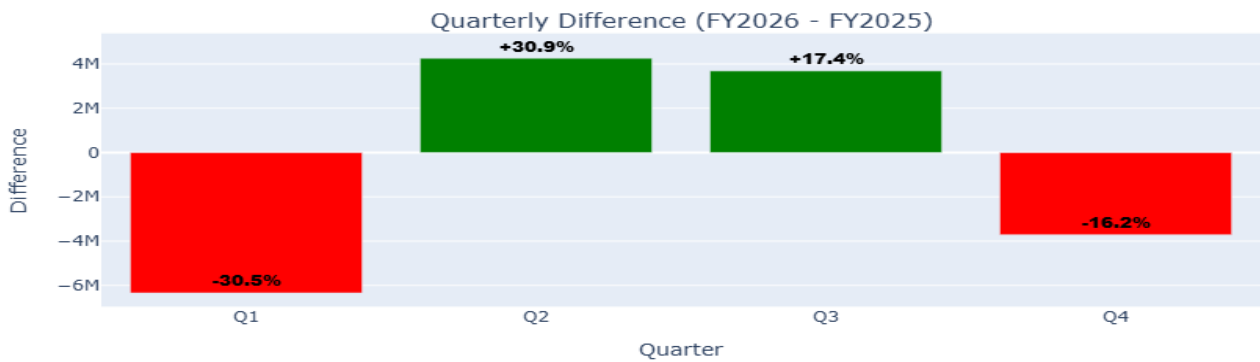
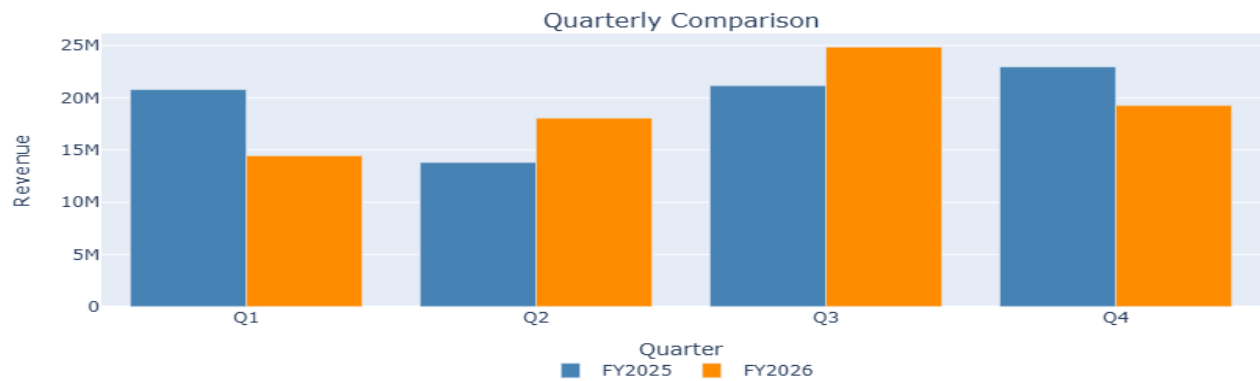


Summary Table				
Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$6,825,420	\$8,343,641	\$1,518,222	+22.2%
Aug	\$7,805,013	\$7,049,743	\$(755,270)	-9.7%
Sep	\$7,312,556	\$7,272,725	\$(39,831)	-0.5%
Oct	\$7,783,601	\$7,271,641	\$(511,960)	-6.6%
Nov	\$6,657,027	\$7,676,036	\$1,019,009	+15.3%
Dec	\$7,652,611	\$8,482,166	\$829,555	+10.8%
Jan	\$7,519,445	\$9,105,407	\$1,585,962	+21.1%
Feb	\$7,660,923	\$6,970,153	\$(690,770)	-9.0%
Mar	\$9,111,207	\$8,515,314	\$(595,893)	-6.5%
Apr	\$8,309,383	\$7,679,558	\$(629,826)	-7.6%
May	\$7,509,113	\$6,989,545	\$(519,568)	-6.9%
Jun	\$6,773,530	\$8,908,912	\$2,135,382	+31.5%
Total	\$90,919,830	\$94,264,842	\$3,345,012	+3.7%

3.3 Detail Overview - Minor General Fund Revenue Source

Short Term Car Lease

Quarterly Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025

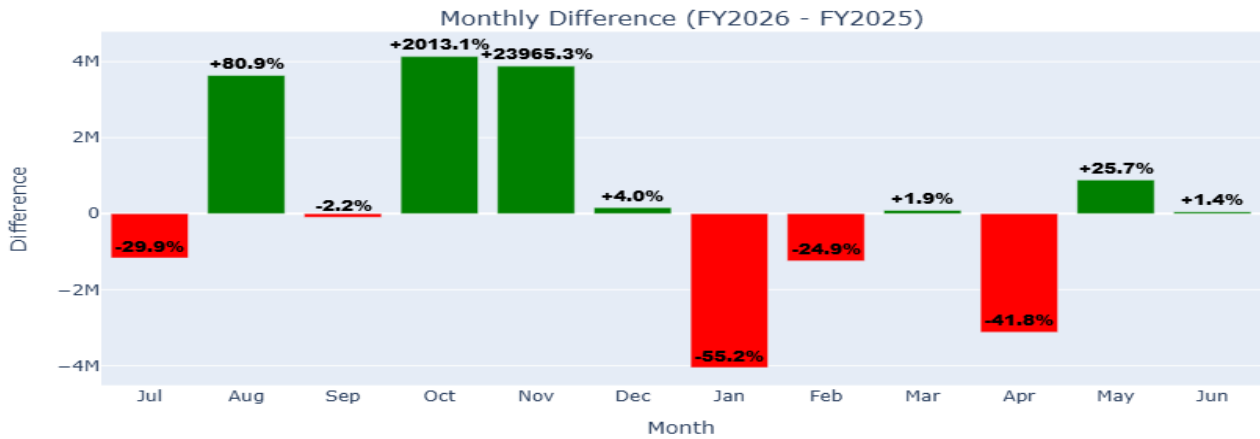
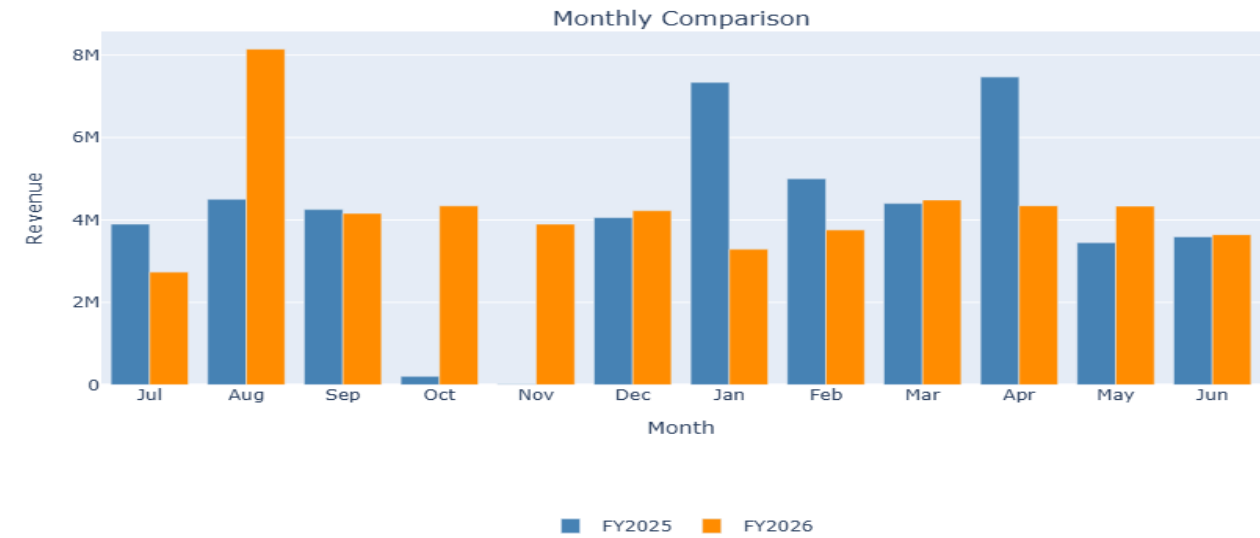


Summary Table				
Quarter	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Q1	\$20,790,806	\$14,450,493	\$(6,340,313)	-30.5%
Q2	\$13,799,112	\$18,060,985	\$4,261,873	+30.9%
Q3	\$21,160,105	\$24,848,893	\$3,688,788	+17.4%
Q4	\$22,964,359	\$19,255,533	\$(3,708,826)	-16.2%
Total	\$78,714,381	\$76,615,904	\$(2,098,478)	-2.7%

3.3 Detail Overview - Minor General Fund Revenue Source

Liquor Tax

Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025



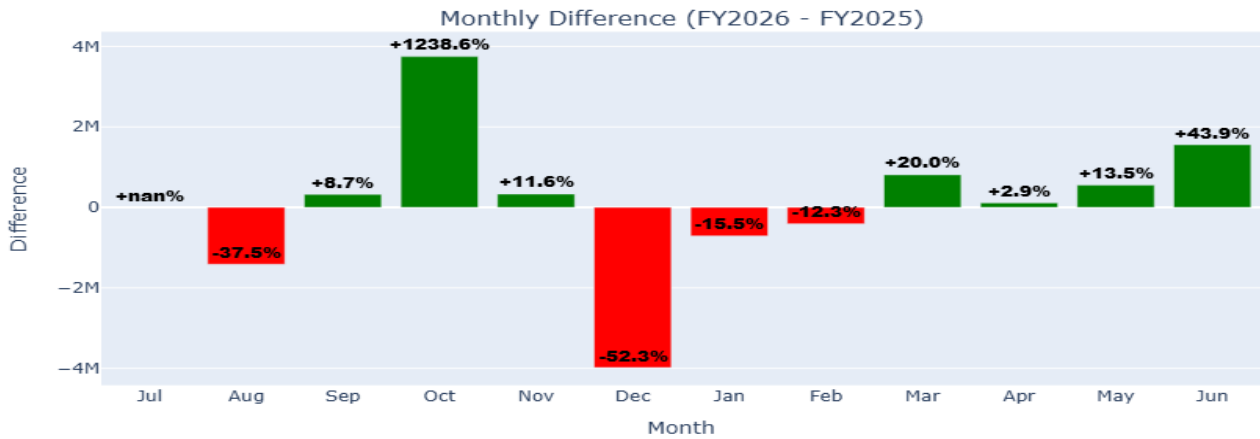
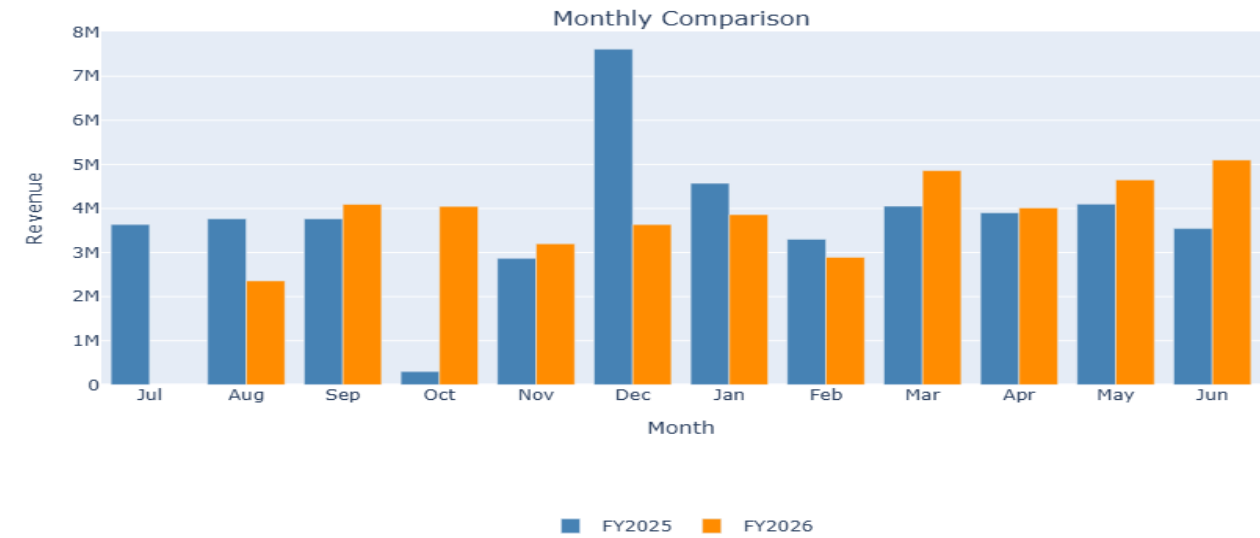
Summary Table

Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$3,899,601	\$2,733,254	\$(1,166,347)	-29.9%
Aug	\$4,502,830	\$8,144,484	\$3,641,655	+80.9%
Sep	\$4,252,306	\$4,157,886	\$(94,421)	-2.2%
Oct	\$205,449	\$4,135,800	\$4,135,800	+2013.1%
Nov	\$16,197	\$3,897,832	\$3,881,635	+23965.3%
Dec	\$4,061,090	\$4,223,079	\$161,989	+4.0%
Jan	\$7,339,571	\$3,287,873	\$(4,051,697)	-55.2%
Feb	\$5,002,331	\$3,756,328	\$(1,246,003)	-24.9%
Mar	\$4,399,541	\$4,484,995	\$85,454	+1.9%
Apr	\$7,466,759	\$4,344,628	\$(3,122,131)	-41.8%
May	\$3,447,786	\$3,333,509	\$885,723	+25.7%
Jun	\$3,593,448	\$3,643,489	\$50,041	+1.4%
Total	\$48,186,908	\$51,348,606	\$3,161,698	+6.6%

3.3 Detail Overview - Minor General Fund Revenue Source

Transportation Connection Tax

Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025

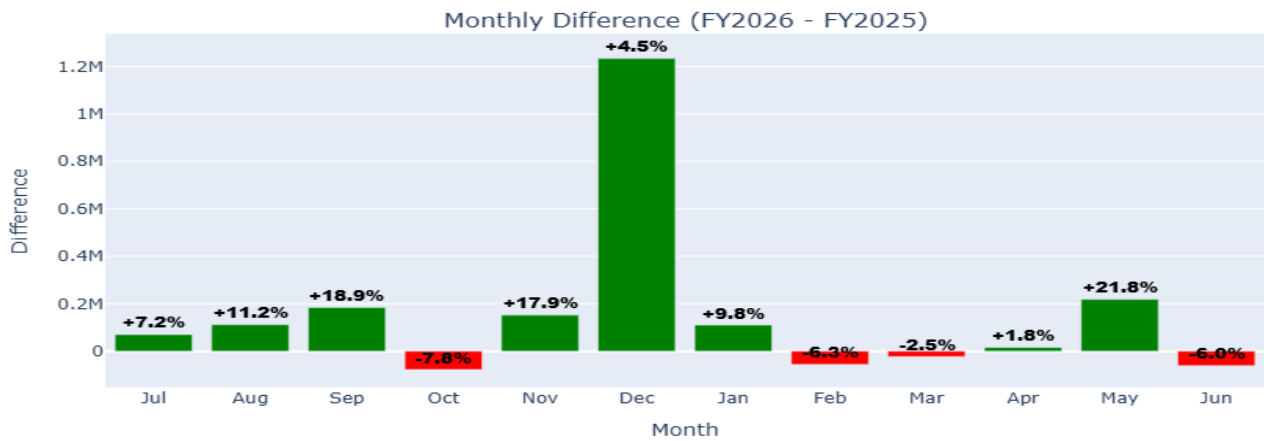
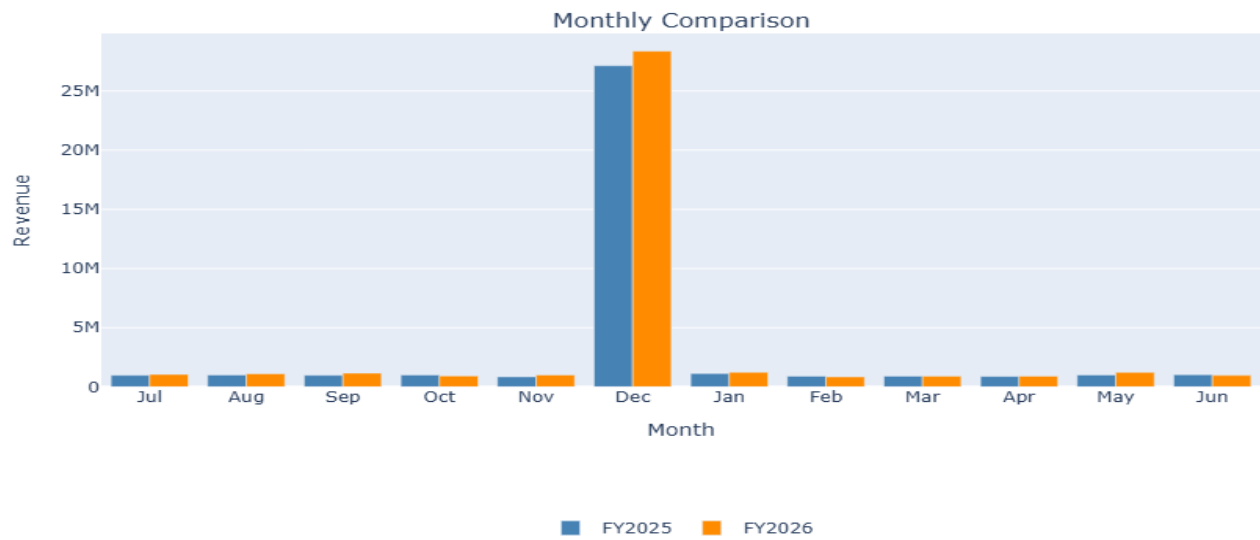


Summary Table

Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$3,640,199	\$(nan)	\$(nan)	+nan%
Aug	\$3,769,386	\$2,356,470	\$(1,412,916)	-37.5%
Sep	\$3,767,557	\$4,093,731	\$326,175	+8.7%
Oct	\$3,301,088	\$4,049,975	\$3,747,433	+1238.6%
Nov	\$2,868,441	\$3,201,190	\$332,749	+11.6%
Dec	\$7,615,503	\$3,636,349	\$(3,979,154)	-52.3%
Jan	\$4,570,534	\$3,860,212	\$(710,321)	-15.5%
Feb	\$3,301,088	\$2,894,333	\$(406,756)	-12.3%
Mar	\$4,052,794	\$4,862,786	\$809,991	+20.0%
Apr	\$3,903,701	\$4,015,608	\$111,907	+2.9%
May	\$4,098,555	\$4,650,493	\$551,938	+13.5%
Jun	\$3,544,758	\$5,101,472	\$1,556,714	+43.9%
Total	\$45,435,059	\$42,722,620	\$(2,712,439)	-6.0%

3.3 Detail Overview - Minor General Fund Revenue Source Securities

Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025



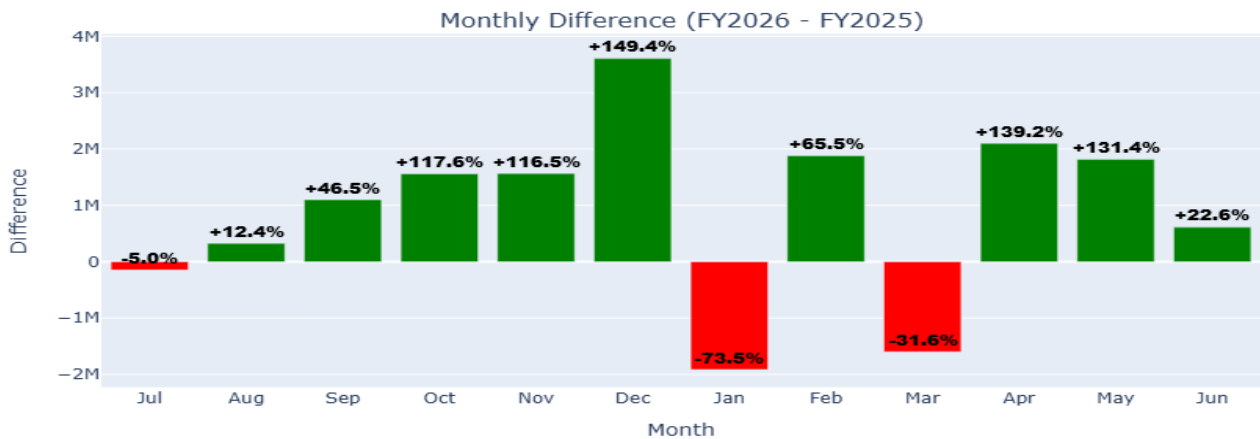
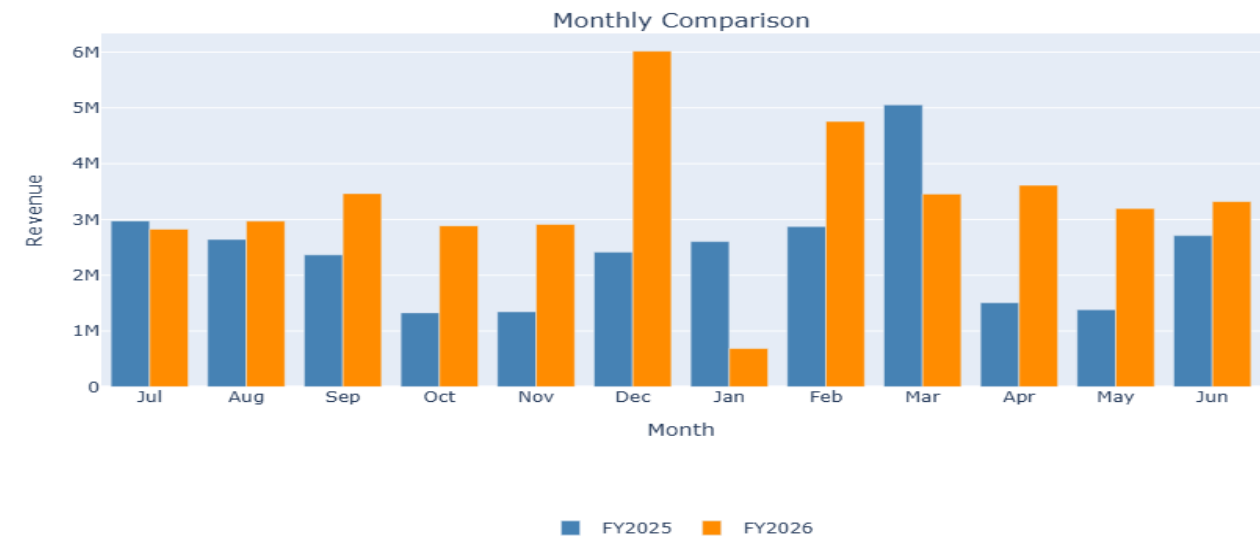
Summary Table

Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$977,173	\$1,047,376	\$70,203	+7.2%
Aug	\$998,633	\$1,110,735	\$112,103	+11.2%
Sep	\$974,683	\$1,159,271	\$184,588	+18.9%
Oct	\$994,574	\$917,325	\$(77,249)	-7.8%
Nov	\$848,456	\$1,000,340	\$151,884	+17.9%
Dec	\$27,139,400	\$28,372,648	\$1,233,248	+4.5%
Jan	\$1,124,499	\$1,234,664	\$110,165	+9.8%
Feb	\$896,556	\$840,407	\$(56,148)	-6.3%
Mar	\$910,645	\$888,193	\$(22,452)	-2.5%
Apr	\$878,857	\$894,716	\$15,860	+1.8%
May	\$1,004,038	\$1,222,535	\$218,497	+21.8%
Jun	\$1,025,334	\$963,932	\$(61,402)	-6.0%
Total	\$37,772,846	\$39,652,142	\$1,879,296	+5.0%

3.3 Detail Overview - Minor General Fund Revenue Source

Other Tobacco Tax

Revenue Analysis: FY2026 vs FY2025



Summary Table				
Month	2025	2026	Difference	% Change
Jul	\$2,973,303	\$2,825,902	\$(147,401)	-5.0%
Aug	\$2,642,599	\$2,970,153	\$327,554	+12.4%
Sep	\$2,365,462	\$3,464,291	\$1,098,829	+46.5%
Oct	\$1,327,148	\$2,887,273	\$1,560,125	+117.6%
Nov	\$1,345,056	\$2,912,430	\$1,567,374	+116.5%
Dec	\$2,412,407	\$6,017,617	\$3,605,210	+149.4%
Jan	\$2,603,299	\$689,330	\$(1,913,969)	-73.5%
Feb	\$2,873,336	\$4,756,567	\$1,883,232	+65.5%
Mar	\$5,053,520	\$3,454,625	\$(1,598,894)	-31.6%
Apr	\$1,510,388	\$3,612,613	\$2,102,225	+139.2%
May	\$1,381,317	\$3,196,290	\$1,814,974	+131.4%
Jun	\$2,709,849	\$3,321,268	\$611,419	+22.6%
Total	\$29,197,682	\$40,108,360	\$10,910,678	+37.4%

THE SAGES BEHIND THE REPORT



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